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THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXIX.---NO. 38. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,674

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Frosts in many points in Texas Monday night. —— Postoffice at Montrale, Ala., robbed by burglars and $100 in cash taken. —— Admiral Caillard has occupied the three principal ports of the island of Mytelene. —— Reports from Sofia, Bulgaria, that Miss Stone and her companion are alive and well. —— Board of health of Florida will declare quarantine against all ports affected with bubonic plague. —— Plot to massacre American garrison at Moncada, Island of Luzon, revealed by the wife of one of the conspirators. —— Burglars raided a jewelry store at Cincinnati and stole $20,000 worth of diamonds. —— Hanna concluded his argument in the court of inquiry yesterday and was followed by Capt. Parker, of counsel for Admiral Schley. —— Virginia goes solidly Democratic by a majority of 25,000 or more. —— Indications are that the Democrats have carried Maryland and have elected their candidates in the city of Baltimore by about 3,000 majority.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 5

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 51 degrees; 8 P. M., 46 degrees; maximum, 57 degrees; minimum, 46 degrees; mean, 52 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 0 35; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 0.35 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.6 feet.

STORM WARNING.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5, 10:20 P. M. —Northeast storm warning for Norfolk section. A storm, apparently of considerable energy, on the Atlantic coast of South Carolina, moving north. High north winds and rain Wednesday.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—For North Carolina: Rain Wednesday with high northerly winds on the east coast. Thursday fair.

Port Almanac---November 6.

Sun Rises	6.37 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.00 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 33 M.
High Water at Southport	3.42 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	6.12 P. M.

Admiral Dewey thinks the Court of Inquiry over which he is presiding is on trial by the American people, and he is quite right.

St. Louis is a great apple market and center of distribution. So far this season 360,820 barrels have been received, and still they come.

Canada contains 200,000 more square miles than the United States, but hasn't much more population than the State of New York, just across the line.

A South African dude has put in an appearance in Paris, with 365 suits of clothes. The original South African dude had only one suit and that wasn't tailor-made.

A lot of fellows in Brooklyn, N. Y., have been doing a profitable business in copper. They have been converting it at the rate of 18 cents worth of copper into $1.30 cents. But the detectives caught on to them and the business is temporarily suspended.

Nikola Tesla, who says he has solved the problem of wireless telegraphing any distance, is putting up a plant at Wardencliffe, Long Island, to generate electricity and says he will soon be sending dispatches to Peru or China. As a claimant Nik is a success, but we are not going to bet on him till we hear from some of those dispatches.

The officials of the Illinois Central Railroad Company are making special efforts to induce Western people to settle along its lines in Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana. They get up excursions and give cheap rates to encourage Western people to visit those sections and give them time enough to look around and get posted.

When the Russian thistle made its appearance in the Dakotas and adjoining States, the farmers thought a great calamity had struck them, and petitioned Congress to appropriate $1,000,000 to extirpate it. But they wouldn't part with the thistle now for anything because they have discovered that when cut green it makes splendid feed for stock. It doesn't always do to condemn a stranger on first sight.

It takes foreigners a long time to catch on to the American vernacular. A consignment of cigars, known as "Wheeling Stogies" was classed in an English customs house as "leather manufactures," while a consignment of "Ginger Snaps" was classed in Holland under the head of "distilled or brewed" truck. Snaps sounded so much like "Schnapps," with which the average Hollander is somehat familiar.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Christian Science service this evening at 8 o'clock in the Masonic Temple, room 10.

— The Doreas Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 P. M.

— As the STAR employs no travelling agents, bills are sent direct to subscribers. These bills should receive prompt attention.

— John Robinson's circus, which exhibited here Monday, paid taxes for the exhibition amounting to $510. Of this amount the State secured $300; county, $200 and city, $110. The shows were at Whiteville yesterday.

— J. T. Riley & Co. yesterday cleared the brig *Goldseeker*, for Jacmel, Haiti, with a cargo of lumber, consigned to the Chadbourn Lumber Company. The Spanish steamship *Orinon* also cleared yesterday for Philadelphia.

— Capt. James I. Metts requests the committee appointed by Cape Fear Camp No. 254, U. C. V., to assist the Daughters of the Confederacy in the entertaining of their national convention, to meet at his office at three o'clock this afternoon.

— The fishing schooner *Robert F. Brattan*, of Beaufort, N. C., reached the city yesterday and is consigned to Messrs. Brooks & Taylor. She is a vessel of 51 tons, and is as trim a little craft as has been in these waters for some time. She reported at Wilmington from Charleston.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY FAIR.

Prospects Very Bright for the Event—A Good Many Fine Race Horses.

The Cumberland County Fair will open this morning and the prospects are for the most successful event in the history of the Fair Association. Many Wilmington people will no doubt attend.

The Fayetteville *Observer* of yesterday afternoon says: "Never in the history of the Cumberland County Fair has there been so many fine race horses here. There are three horses to one at any previous fair. The managers of the races desire it understood that the races will take place fair or foul weather."

Trip Around the World.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Thomas, of New York, who are making a trip around the world on a heavy wager, and who were recently arrested in Newport News because Mrs. Thomas had adopted male attire for convenience sake, arrived in Wilmington yesterday and are guests at the Fulton House. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas left New York on July 1st and have gone thus far on their journey, earning a livelihood and travelling expenses as they go. They came to Newport News on a sloop about twenty-two feet in length and during their temporary detention on suspicion by the police authorities their small craft was wrecked. They are now proceeding down the coast aboard vessels upon which they pay fare.

Aged A. C. L. Porter Dead.

Sherman Carter, the veteran colored porter in the general offices of the Atlantic Coast Line in this city, died yesterday morning at an advanced age. Sherman had been employed by the Coast Line for the past half a century, having fired an engine on the W. & W. road before the war. He had been a porter in the general offices for about 20 years and was well thought of by the hundreds of employes to whom he was always polite and respectful. The clerks in the several offices raised a subscription yesterday with which to purchase a floral offering to be laid upon the aged negro's grave at the funeral to day.

Reception to Daughters of Confederacy.

At a special meeting of the Wilmington Light Infantry last night it was decided to give a reception to the general convention, Daughters of the Confederacy, which will meet in this city next week. The reception will be on Thursday evening, 14th inst., and the following committee was appointed to make all arrangements: Capt. A. P. Adrian (chairman), Messrs. E. A. Metts, Roger Moore, George W. Brunson, Jr., and George P. James.

Will Be Married This Evening.

This evening at 6:15 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Shepard, Miss Henrietta Shepard will be married to Mr. James Sinclair in the presence of relatives and only a few intimate friends. After the ceremony the bride and groom will leave for an extended tour to Northern cities. An informal reception was given last evening at the home of the bride to the wedding guests.

Took First Premium.

Mrs. A. S. Holden, of this city, has again been informed that she was awarded first premium at the State Fair just closed, on a gentleman's shirt bosom, the same being her handiwork.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. P. McNair—New goods.
E. Warren & Son—Sweet milk.
Fishblate Clothing Co.—Liquidation of entire stock.

Li Hung Chang is said to be nearing his end. But as they have lied so much about Li we will wait till we hear from him before we give the old fellow up.

A VERY BUSY TERM.

Trial Docket in Superior Court Is Found To Be Exceedingly Heavy.

SEVERAL IMPORTANT CASES.

Will Be Next to Impossible to Dispose of All Matters in the One Week Allowed--Assailant of Policeman Chadwick Sentenced

Judge Allen, presiding, and Solicitor Duffy, prosecuting, at this week's term of the Superior Court, are exhausting all their efforts to clear the unusually large docket of the seventy odd cases that are for trial in the one-week session. To this end Judge Allen has ordered that each day's work shall be commenced at 9:30 A. M. and an index to the length of the sessions may be inferred from the fact that yesterday court did not take a recess for the day until 7 o'clock. The jail has some thirty odd prisoners in it and to save the county the expense of their keep until next term and for humane reasons Judge Allen is conducting the week's business with as much dispatch as possible.

There are four important cases on the docket and it is doubtful if more than two of them can be tried at this term. The negro Wallace, is charged with murder; H. Hauser is charged with house burning; E. Tiner is charged with burglary, and the case of N. L. Smith is also to come up at this term. Counsel for the negro Wallace have tendered the solicitor a proposition to submit to murder in the second degree which would mean a 30-year sentence, but Mr. Duffy has not yet accepted the proposition. This would seem a very satisfactory adjustment of the affair, and would save the expense of a very long trial. The case of H. Hauser will perhaps be taken up to day.

The most important case yesterday was that against John "Reb" Potter for the assault upon Policeman E. R. Chadwick. He submitted to the charge and was given 12 months on the chain gang. In another case against him for assault upon Wess Odam, some time prior to the assault upon Officer Chadwick, he also submitted and judgment in the matter was suspended. In a third case against Potter for carrying concealed weapons he was given 30 days on the roads. Other cases were tried yesterday as follows:

Wm. Brown, assault and battery with a deadly weapon; verdict, guilty of simple assault.

Wm. Brown, assault and battery with a deadly weapon; verdict, not guilty.

Moses King, larceny; four months on county roads.

M. Martin, carrying concealing weapons, 30 days on county roads.

Wm. Brown, assault and battery with deadly weapon; verdict, guilty of simple assault.

Wm. Brown, assault with deadly weapon; 30 days on public roads.

Riley Smith, assault and battery with deadly weapon; verdict, not guilty.

Wm. Ferguson, assault with deadly weapon, 60 days on public roads.

John R. Potter (3 cases), assault with a deadly weapon; submitted; judgment, 12 months on county roads in first case; judgment suspended in second case, in which Wess Odom was prosecuting witness, and defendant sentenced to 30 days on the roads in a case found by the grand jury against him for carrying concealed weapons.

Lawrence Crawford, larceny, guilty; judgment open.

Richard Davis, carrying concealed weapons; verdict guilty and judgment suspended on payment of costs.

Burt Green, assault with deadly weapon; 60 days on roads.

Jim Foard, assault with deadly weapon, verdict guilty.

When court adjourned the evidence was all submitted in another unimportant case upon which argument will begin this morning. An unusually large number of tales jurors were summoned for the trial of the Hauser case to-day.

Convention of U. D. C.

Arrangements have been made by which the Seashore Hotel will be thrown open to guests in the event the city hotels are unable to accommodate the large number of delegates that are expected for the general convention, Daughters of the Confederacy, this month. A schedule on the Seacoast railroad will be arranged to suit. It is estimated that at the convention at Richmond some time ago there were 5,000 and at Birmingham last year there were between 2,000 and 3,000.

Bought a Cotton Mill.

The Great Falls Cotton Mills of Rockingham, N. C., were bid in at receiver's sale Monday by Mr. D. L. Gore, of this city. The price paid was $37,245, and the sale is subject to confirmation of the court within ten days. The property originally cost about $150,000, and should the sale be confirmed it is learned that Mr. Gore will greatly improve and perhaps enlarge it.

Quick, Convenient, Economical. Gas heaters are just the thing for taking the chill off the room these cool mornings.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

AUDIT AND FINANCE BOARD.

Regular Meeting Last Night, At Which All Members Were Present—Many Unimportant Matters Heard.

All members were present at last night's regular semi-monthly meeting of the Board of Audit and Finance and a lengthy session was held but the business transacted was principally routine in its character and unimportant.

A request was received from the Board of Aldermen for an increase of the salary of the Superintendent of Streets to $1,200 instead of $1,100, but no action was taken. Alderman Johnson also asked that the wages of the street hands be increased from $1 to $1.25 per day, but no action was taken in that matter likewise.

The contract as awarded by the Aldermen to S. F. Haywood & Co., for the erection of the Fourth street fire alarm tower for $140, was concurred in.

The increase from $10 to $20 per month in the pay of the assistant in cleaning the Front street market house was likewise approved.

Alderman Johnson was present, among other things to urge the change in the employment of health officers so that there will be three inspectors at all times instead of four in Summer and two in Winter as heretofore. A communication from the Board of Health was read also, urging the change and the Board of Audit and Finance at length agreed to adopt the plan provided another minor employe in the sanitary department is dropped. This was agreeable to all parties concerned. The new officer is Mr. E. W. Hewlett, he having been previously elected by the Aldermen, subject to the concurrence had last night. Mr. Hewlett has been in the service for some time and gave such eminent satisfaction that the Board of Health were loath to give him up.

After auditing various bills for current expenses the board adjourned.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE MANAGERS.

Regular Monthly Meeting Yesterday--May Consolidate With Tariff Association.

Matters of no very general importance engaged the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange which was held yesterday afternoon and upon which there were in attendance President Pearsall, Secretary Cantwell and Messrs. L. B. Rogers, G. J. Boney and Col. Walker Taylor.

The treasurer's report, duly approved by Mr. W. B. Cooper for the finance board, was received and ordered on file.

President Pearsall reported progress in the matter of the consolidation of the Produce Exchange with the Tariff Association. He was granted further time.

Messrs. G. J. Boney and L. B. Rogers, a special committee, reported that the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad had acted favorably upon their request for additional train facilities on the W., C. & A. railroad and that the extra service would be available in a few days.

Mr. L. B. Rogers read a communication from merchants of Raeford, Rockfish and Dunnarrack, asking that quicker freight service be secured to those points. The matter was referred to a special committee consisting of Messrs. L. B. Rogers, S. P. McNair, Jos. H. Watters and M. J. Corbett, with instructions to request joint efforts by the Chamber of Commerce.

Communications of date Oct. 5th and 17th from W. A. Pendergrast, secretary of the National Association of Credit Men, New York city, relative to the Federal Bankruptcy Law, were read and referred to the Law Committee consisting of Messrs. Wm. Calder and J. A. Taylor, with request to report at the next meeting.

THE CITY BOARD OF HEALTH.

Report of Superintendent for the Month of October—Contagious Diseases.

Receiving the report of the superintendent was the principal matter of business transacted at the monthly meeting of the Board of Health yesterday afternoon. Mayor Waddell presided and those in attendance were Capt. W. R. Kenan, Dr. Frank H. Russell and Dr. C. T. Harper, superintendent of health.

The report shows that during the month 55 deaths have occurred—19 white persons and 36 colored. There were 44 births—13 whites and 31 colored. Three quarantines were established, two of which were for diphtheria and one for scarlet fever. The health officers made 3,338 inspections and 15 fumigations were made.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Sue Harris, of Greenville, S. C., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Norwood.

— Rev. Dr. Bernheim and Mrs. Bernheim have just returned from an extended trip through the North after having been absent six weeks.

— Mr. and Mrs. John Arthur Smallbones, of London, left last evening for New York, whence they will sail in a few days for home.

— Fayetteville *Observer*, 5th: "Miss Janie Williams, of this city, and Miss Martha Williams, of Wilmington, leave to-night for New York city."

— Mr. Louis Keen, formerly a clerk in the office of Murphy & Co., this city, left Sunday for Savannah, Ga., where he has a position with the Central of Georgia railroad.

THE COUNCIL HANGING

Governor Aycock Replies to Suggestion of His Responsibility for Negro's Death.

PARDON, NOT COMMUTATION.

That Should Have Been Asked If the Prisoner Was Not Guilty—Supreme Court Decisions--Proclamation for Thanksgiving.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 5.—Governor Aycock to-day issued a statement in reply to Father Marion, the Catholic priest, who officiated at Louis Council's execution in Fayetteville and dramatically declared the negro's innocence despite the Governor's warrant to the contrary. Governor Aycock says he is in no wise responsible for the execution of Council. The jury found him guilty, the judge sentenced him to death. He granted several respites for complete investigation. Continuing, the Governor said: "I sent for Mrs. West to visit me, and cross-examined her in the presence of the council of State; sent Judge Womack, a conservative, careful man, to Fayetteville to investigate the crime and the facts; have exhausted every means to ascertain Council's guilt or innocence, and am today firmly convinced of his guilt. I know good citizens doubt his guilt, but under the constitution I am bound to act under my convictions, not theirs.

"I regret the remarks of Father Marion, as no doubt he does now. It was unfortunate that he suggested I was responsible for the death of an innocent man. If Council was innocent the jury should have said so. Father Marion and those closest the prisoner should have asked pardon and not commutation to life imprisonment, as they did. If Father Marion was certain of Council's innocence, as he declared at the execution, he was derelict in his duty not to ask for pardon; for to imprison a man for life, for an offence he did not commit, is little less grave than his execution.

"The law of this State against the crime for which Council was executed will always be enforced; and the law against lynching likewise will be enforced. There is no occasion for the execution of law by people in mobs. The people are strong enough in their organized capacity to punish crime and I shall not be deterred by adverse criticism from letting the law take its course when I believe the prisoner guilty."

Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court to-day handed down the following opinions of interest in Eastern North Carolina, viz:

Knight vs. Hatfield, from Moore, affirmed; Rayner vs. Railroad, from Cumberland, affirmed; McDougald vs. Lumberton, from Robeson, error; Carter vs. Lumber Co., from New Hanover, error; Carter vs. Railroad, from Columbus, affirmed.

Thanksgiving Day.

Governor Aycock to-night issued a proclamation designating Thursday, Nov. 28th, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer and urging the people to assemble on that day and thank God for manifold mercies, and ask protection and guidance in the future, and give to the needy, and especially widows and orphans. The preamble says: "In this year, when the nation was startled by the death of its President at the hands of an assassin, He has given us strength to continue our form of government without friction or danger and thereby made incumbent upon us ever to turn towards Him in the hours of trial, and those who turn to Him always find strength. It is needful, therefore, and proper that we set aside at least one day in the year in which to express gratitude to Him for past favors and invoke His aid for the future."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Remember

You purchase but one Piano in a lifetime. If it is a Stieff, in keeping with modern science and art, it is a true source of joy. If you sacrifice quality for a few dollars after years will tell the tale in worry and dissatisfaction, with no real musical delight in your home.

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
Piano Mfgr., Baltimore, Md.
Factory Branch Wareroom 218 North Tryon street, Charlotte, N. C.
P. M. ASBURY,
Special Representative.
Bell 'Phone 156. oct 27 tf

Flower Seed and Bulbs.

New Stock; Selected Varieties.

Dutch, Roman and Italian Hyacinth Bulbs, all colors; Tulip Bulbs all colors and shapes; Chinese Sacred Lilies, extra large Bulbs; Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed. Now is the time to plant all of the above to get good results. Call at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.
oct 23 tf 126 South Front street.

The Unlucky Corner.

New Goods.

Malaga Grapes, Cocoanuts, Cream of Wheat, Oranges.

Great Big Fish Roe Cheap.

Preserved Ginger, Loose Buckwheat, Prepared Buckwheat, Fresh Saratoga Chips, Fancy Red Cranberries, Cleaned Currents and Raisins.
Fine Glace Citron.

S. W. SANDERS,
Both Phones 166. oct 25 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE RUSH

For our department goods still continues.

We have sold lots to appreciative customers from this large stock; yet BARGAINS OF GREAT VALUE REMAIN, and the

Closing Out Sale at New York Cost

will be kept going on until we have disposed of the entire stock of each department, EXCEPT OUR LINES OF FOOT-WEAR, to which we have added many features of interest. We are throwing out and selling at cost some lines of SHOES to give place to better and well selected grades, and larger stocks and varieties of our Douglas', Duttenhoper's, Hogan's and other famous lines for which we are the sole Agents here.

Without hesitation we will put our $3.75 Ladies' Shoes against any $4.00 Ladies' Shoe we ever heard of. Come and see all our attractions in goods and prices, and after making your own comparisons we feel sure you will agree with us. "Get in the Rush" and come along.

Mercer & Evans Co.'s
DEPARTMENT STORES.

Hot Cakes and Syrup

with a nice slice of Breakfast Bacon is a dish to be relished by the most fastidious these cool mornings, and so easily prepared too when you use

"Ontario Prepared Buckwheat" Flour.

Besides it is so cheap. A 5-lb. package only 15c.

Our "Honey Drips" Syrup

is something new, comes put up in full quart cans and is a strictly fancy table syrup. We sell it at only 19½c.

If you want cheaper Syrup we have that too at 10c per full quart can, or loose Buckwheat 5c per pound.

Our "Arbuckles" and "Star" Coffees

are still selling 2 lbs. for 25c.

A chance on an elegant Ladies' Rocker given with each 50c cash purchase.

H. J. BIERMAN & CO.,
Bell 'Phone No. 38. 215 Market Street. nov 5 tf

"KIM,"

Kipling's Latest Book.

"Blennerhassett," by Chas. Felton Pidgin.
"The Eternal City," by Hall Caine.
"The Cavalier," by George W. Cable.
"The Tempting of Father Anthony."
"The Old Plantation," by Avirett.
"Cinderilla," by Crockett.
"Tristram of Blent," by Anthony Hope.
"Understudies," by Mary E. Wilkins.
"Flood-Tide," by Green.
"Lazarre," by Cotherwood.
"Foma Gordyeeff," by Gorky.

All the above and many other new Books just received.

C. W. YATES & CO.
oct 29 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter.
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep

Huyler's Candies.

FRESH EVERY WEEK.

Lowney's Chocolates and Bon Bons.

HOME-MADE CANDY
15c per pound.

Fruits of All Kinds.

Ice Cream,
ANY FLAVOR.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
204 Princess Street.
Bell 'Phone 550. Inter-State 152.
oct 12 tf

Black Maria

Is all the go. The best Twist Chewing Tobacco on the market. I am able to supply my customers in any size lots.

Molasses and Syrup.

Bargains in Porto Rico, New Orleans and Cuba Molasses. Any grades at lowest prices.
Heavy, Fancy and staple Groceries of all kinds. Write for prices or call?

PETER McQUEEN, Jr.,
oct 1 tf Staple and Fancy Groceries, No. 126 North Water St.

If You Are In Need of

Furniture it will pay you to come to me. For it is acknowledged by every one who has visited my Store that my goods are more up-to-date in design, finish and price than any other dealer in the South.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
nov 3 tf Inter-State 421.

A LIQUIDATION OF
THIS ENTIRE STOCK,
AMOUNTING TO $30,000.

To liquidate means to clear up, to reduce to order or precision to settle the particulars of; that's it exactly. The act of liquidating is about to take place in this business; it is to be closed out and accordingly our entire stock of

Clothing, Hats and Furnishings

Offered at Sacrifice Prices.

It is imperative; therefore, cost and value cannot be taken into consideration. Every item must be sold and quickly at that. It is not necessary to dilate at length upon

The reputation of this house or the merits of our goods.

Both are well established and hold a strong position in the minds of the populace.

Most of the Clothing represented in this sale

Is of the well known "High Art" brand, manufactured by Strouse & Bros., New York and Baltimore,

Than which there is no better, equaling in every detail the best of custom-made.

But we must emphasize the fact that every item offered in this sale is new this season, absolutely perfect and fresh and correct in style.

The prices at which you purchase will figure even less than actual wholesale cost. These are the facts of the case. It remains for you to take advantage of the most extraordinary bargains that Wilmington has ever known.

TERMS CASH.

No Charges. No Alterations.

All persons indebted to us will please pay at once.

FISHBLATE CLOTHING COMPANY,
nov 6 tf MASONIC TEMPLE STORES.

MEN'S SHOES

Lace 93c Elastic.

A LOT OF ODDS AND ENDS THAT MUST BE CLOSED OUT. SEE WINDOW.

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.
oct 27 tf

SWEET CREAM
35 Cents Quart.
ICE CREAM
$1 00 Per Gallon.
Butter Milk and Skimmed Milk
5 Cents Quart or 15 Cents Gallon.
E. WARREN & SON.
nov 2 1y

NEW C. C. NUTS.

2,600 Nickle C. C. Nuts.
1,110 Pounds L. L. Raisins.
2,140 Pounds Loose Raisins.
980 Pounds G. E. Butter.
350 Dozen 10c Tomatoes.
110 Dozen 10c Corn.
180 Dozen 10c Peaches.
162 Dozen Fancy Peaches.
813 Kegs Nails, assorted.
46 Dozen 25c Brooms.
318 Cases 5c Sardines.
65 Dozen Tumbler Powder.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
Nos. 115, 113, 113 Nutt street,
nov 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

A FULL STOCK OF

Cocoanuts, Mixed Nuts, Candies, Cakes, Cheese.

Fox River Butter.

Powder, Shot, Caps, &c.

Snuff, Tobacco and Cigars.

Bagging and Ties.
Salt, Fish and Molasses.

HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants. oct 31 tf

300 Cheese.

100 Boxes Tobacco.

200 Sacks Coffee.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
sep 3 tf 18 Market street.

DO YOU?

If you do—the very best smoke you can secure for money is wrapped up in the

"CREMO,"
"CREMO,"
"CREMO,"
"CREMO."
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM"

CIGARS.

Vollers & Hashagen,
DISTRIBUTORS.
nov 3 tf

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.
jan 28 tf

Notice the Brass Bed

IN THE WINDOW OF THE

A. M. SUSMAN FURNITURE CO.

A $75.00 Bed will be reduced 50c per day until sold.

Also we will call your special attention to our fine Dining Chairs, of which we have twenty-five different grades.

Our 15 per cent. discount lasts until November 6. Trusting you will give us a call and be convinced. Thanking you for your past favors and soliciting your future patronage, we are
Yours to help,

The A. M. Susman Furniture Co.,
110 and 112 Market Street,
oct 25 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 6.

CARNEGIE ON RECIPROCITY.

Andrew Carnegie arrived in New York a few days ago after a sojourn of several months in Europe, most of which time was spent at his castle in Scotland. The alert news reporter caught him and asked his views on several topics which are ...gaging the attention of the ...f this country.

... about the reported big steel ... in England, he said Eng... are not inclined to combine because every Englishman wants to run by himself, as he expressed it, "every Englishman is an island in himself." There is some truth in that. Compared with the American, the Englishman has neither temperament nor talent for combination. Americans would form a $10,000,000 or $100,000,000 combine, while Englishmen would be counting up the ciphers and trying to comprehend what a combine of that size would mean, and how they would manage it.

He does not believe an isthmus canal either useful or practicable, not half as useful even if practicable, as a first class double track railway with 50-ton cars would be, contending that with such a railway ships could be unloaded on one side and loaded on the other for less than freight could be carried through a canal even if there were no tolls to pay. Acting on an idea of the late Captain Eads, of St. Louis, a ship railway is now being built across the isthmus of Tehuantepec, a railway so constructed that ships may be lifted on to it and rolled across to the other side. Mr. Carnegie dosen't think much more of that method of transportation than he does of the ship canal.

The next subject touched upon was reciprocity, which he thinks a delusion, and which a good many people in this country think both a delusion and a snare, a sham to humbug the people and dodge the tariff question. The following from the interview shows what Mr. Carnegie thinks of the reciprocity business which is now attracting so much attention from the Republican politicians and statesmen:

"The subject of reciprocity was mentioned, and Mr. Carnegie said:

"Reciprocity is a very fine word to speak, but when you come to arrange the details it is a most difficult policy. I have spent many pleasant hours talking on the subject with my dear friend, the late Mr. Blaine."

"Mr. Blaine believed in reciprocity," was suggested.

"Mr. Blaine believed in many things at first, as do many geniuses," answered Mr. Carnegie. "You can arrange reciprocity with one country, but that country favors you at the expense of all others. The best policy is to reduce protective tariff duties. Washington's policy was the best: 'Friends of all; allies of none.'"

He is a business man who views questions of this kind from an economic, business standpoint, and never lets politics enter to swerve his judgment. He acts with the Republican party on general principles because it has been to his interest to do that, but he differs from the shapers of Republican policies on some of those policies and then candidly says so and gives his reasons why. He differed from them on their Philippine policy, and he sometime ago, before they got to talking reciprocity and reduction of tariff duties on certain kinds of manufactures, advocated a lower tariff as one of the best ways to expand our trade and benefit our commerce.

In discussing the reciprocity question in these columns we have contended that it would in the long run do more harm than good and that it could not be carried out without creating dissatisfaction with some of the nations which are our best customers, nations which buy more from us than half a dozen of the countries combined that we are so anxious to form reciprocity treaties with. Acting on the principle involved in the "favored nation" clause we will be expected as a friend of all nations to treat all equably, without discriminating against any or showing favors to one that would be denied to another.

Assuming that we negotiate treaties with the South American Republics that would open markets for more American wheat and pork, as Mr. Blaine expressed it, how about Germany, France and other countries which already buy a good deal of American wheat and pork? Germany buys more American meat than all of South America put together. The same is true of France. When we come to deal with these countries may they not reasonably insist upon being treated with as much consideration as the countries south of us, especially when they have trade in those countries which may be more or less affected by these reciprocity treaties?

When it comes to Great Britain, the best customer we have on the other side of the sea, what are we going to offer her in return for the trade alliances we form with other nations? She does not levy duties on any of our products, manufactured or natural, except tobacco, that being one of the principal articles from which she derives revenue. On everything else there is free trade. Our exports go into her ports free of duty. How, then, are we going to frame a reciprocity treaty with her, and if we do not make some equable arrangement with her how can we consistently levy duties on her products while admitting the products of other countries free? Will that be treating Great Britain, our best customer, fairly? The only equivalent that we could offer her would be to deal with her just as we deal with other countries with which we made treaties, and as she levies no duties on our products that would practically mean free trade with her, and that would be genuine reciprocity.

But the conditions are not alike in any two countries and therefore it will not be practicable to establish a systematic reciprocity which will not cause more or less dissatisfaction among nations which compete more or less with each other.

But another thing that will make it impracticable and a sham is that the interests of our manufacturers and other exporters are not to be affected by it, the idea being to grant concessions only on such articles as can be made in this country more cheaply than elsewhere, or are not made in this country, or to such a limited extent as to be hardly considered one of our industries. Under the reciprocity treaties our industries must be guarded just as they were under the protective tariff, the only difference being that there may possibly be a slight reduction of import duties, where it has been demonstrated that they can stand that without cutting down their profits too much.

As a business man of sagacity and broad views Mr. Carnegie realizes the hollowness and ineffectiveness of this reciprocity trick that the Republican leaders are now playing to dodge tariff revision that would mean something.

THE CHINESE BARRIERS.

The Geary Chinese exclusion act expires by limitation this year and Congress will be called upon to deal with the Chinese immigration question either by re-adopting that act or by passing some other. The versatile and entertaining Chinese minister at Washington, Wu Tingfang, who has been in great demand as a speaker on public occasions, and seems to enjoy it, takes frequent occasion to comment on the exclusion of the Chinese from this country, and to criticise it as unjust race discrimination against his countrymen and "the result of ignorance of the facts." In his address to the students of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, a few days ago, he thus referred to it:

"This country needs restrictive immigration laws of general scope, and not laws that single out one race. The special laws against Chinese immigration are the result of ignorance of the facts.

"China has 350,000,000 people, and her immense territory is able to support this population. All Chinamen love home and have horror of travelling abroad. All Chinamen, except diplomats, who leave China come from the province of Quan Tung. The Chinese barriers in this country should be removed."

Minister Wu is the only foreign representative who takes the liberty of criticising our laws and lecturing our law-makers. Our people would probably think it an impertinence if done by the minister of some European Government, but they take it good naturedly from him.

But there is a distinction with a difference in our restrictive immigration laws as to the Chinese which Mr. Wu does not seem to comprehend. There are, as he says, 350,000,000 of people in China, people who "love home and have a horror of travelling abroad." That's one of the objections to them. They love home so much that they never get to love any other country. They are like the bees who suck honey from the flowers, carry it to their hive, and don't care a continental for the flower afterwards. All the use they have for it is the sweetness they extract from it, and all the use a Chinaman has for any other country is the money he can make out of it, to enjoy which he goes back to China, when he has made enough to satisfy him. If he can't go back alive his bones are shipped back to China. He doesn't want to remain in another country even when he is dead.

But that is one of the minor objections. People of other nationalities become Americans, identify themselves with the country, feel like Americans, help to develop it, help to support it and help to fight its battles if war come.

When the Geary act was passed as a matter of self-preservation, Chinese immigrants were coming to this country by the ship load, most of them brought here by immigration companies, who made money out of the business. If the tide had not been checked the Pacific coast would be swarming with them and white workmen would have had to leave there or starve. It was to prevent this that the Geary act was passed, and to prevent it in future it should be re-enacted.

Some farmers in Georgia make more money out of molasses of their own make than others do out of their cotton plantations.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

WHY THEY DON'T USE IT.

One of the reasons why our manufacturers of steel and other things, too, can afford to pay higher wages to workmen and yet produce at less cost than European manufacturers can is because they avail themselves of labor-saving machinery which does the work of many men, and does it better and more quickly.

In view of the fact that our manufacturers have become the competitors of European manufacturers, and compete with them successfully not only in the markets of the world but, in more lines of goods, in their home markets, it has been a matter of surprise that foreign manufacturers do not avail themselves of labor-saving machinery more than they do. The following told by John W. Gates, one of our steel magnates, will explain this as far as steel manufactures go, and it doubtless applies more or less to other lines of manufacture:

"Automatic machinery for the saving of labor is not used in numerous German factories because the Government desires to keep as many people employed as possible, and the manufacturers do not want to incur the displeasure of the Government. That is the case at the Krupp works. More than 100 men were moving a great steel ingot about the place and he told Herr Krupp that in any plant of the United States Steel Corporation one man and a boy, with the aid of automatic machinery, would be doing the work. The explanation was the disinclination to introduce the automatic machinery for fear of the Government."

According to Mr. Gates he saw more than a hundred men employed in moving a great steel ingot which in the works of the U. S. Steel Corporation, and in other works, too, would be moved by a man and a boy, using machinery constructed for that purpose. Is it any wonder that the American steel manufacturer can turn out his work for less money than the European can, and sell it for less?

The use that is made of machinery in this country is one of the things that opens the eyes of European visitors, who never saw anything like it in their countries. And yet the advocates of protective tariff legislation talk about the necessity of protecting the American workman from the "cheap pauper labor" of Europe, where the cost of that cheap labor is out of all comparison higher than American labor.

In this respect the Europeans will never catch up with us, for they have neither the inventive nor constructive genius of the American, and do not study, as he does, labor-saving methods.

Admiral Schley isn't hankering to pose before the public as a lecturer nor to put money in his purse that way, although he isn't loaded down with lucre. A lecture manager called on him a few days ago and offered him $5,000 each for ten lectures, to be delivered in principal cities. His reply was that when this court business was over, if any one mentions the Santiago campaign to him, he will throw him down stairs if there be stairs nearby, and if not he will be tempted to shoot him.

A Chicago judge has decided that being spanked by her husband isn't sufficient ground for divorce because "a little spanking isn't extreme cruelty." In this case the woman approached her husband to caress him and he threw her across his knees and spanked her. This should be a warning to caressing Chicago wives to find out whether the husband is in a caressing mood. In this instance the man might have been playing bear or bull down in the grain pit and was in no mood to be caressed.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Kansas farmers are now trying to reduce the wheat acreage. If they have no better success than the cotton famers in the South, the results are not likely to be encouraging.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*.

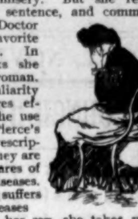
—— Senator Hoar's method of saying that he still differed on some points from the views of the late President McKinley was manly and self-contained. It is a pity that Mr. Wellington could not have had the benefit of the example in time to save himself and the country much humiliation.—*Washington Star, Rep.*

—— And now a howl is raised against President Roosevelt because it is said that he has appointed as collector of the port of Charleston a Bryan man and one who once took part in a lynching. Anything to relieve the President's mind of the Booker Washington incident is probably welcome.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— When the French were boiling and bubbling with excitement over Boulanger and Dreyfus the British were wont to smile in a very superior sort of way and make remarks upon the childish natures of their neighbors. Now it appears to be the turn of the French to smile and make remarks. The Buller incident bids fair to split England into two camps of howling dervishes.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— The Washington *Star* tells us the Justices of the Supreme Court have reached an agreement as to the status of the islands, that Congress will be given a free hand in the Philippines, and all will be given a free hand in the Philippines, and all will be lovely. Therefore, we now know that our fathers were wrong when they thought taxation without representation was wrong, and our teachers should take notice that old books are out of date.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

The doctor sometimes passes a harder sentence than the judge. But the sentence of the doctor is more often set aside or overruled than is that of the judge. In the case of Mrs. Reycraft given below, the doctor sentenced her to about eighteen years of physical punishment and misery. But she rebelled against the sentence, and commenced the use of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In a few weeks she was a well woman.



It's a peculiarity of the cures effected by the use of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that they are generally cures of chronic diseases. A woman suffers with diseases peculiar to her sex, she takes medical treatment, gets no better, and has no hope held out to her of improvement. Then in her discouragement she turns to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and finds a prompt and lasting cure. "Favorite Prescription" establishes regularity, dries unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Four years ago my health began to fail," writes Mrs. Nellie M. Reycraft, of Glenwood, Washington Co., Oregon. "I had a very heavy dragging and weight in the region of the uterus, pain in back and loins, could not lift anything heavy, rest at night very poor; stomach deranged. One physician said I was overworked, another said I had congestion and falling of uterus. He treated me nine months and said I would not be well until I had passed the change of life. I was only twenty-seven years old then. I became discouraged, and began using Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Took a teaspoonful three times a day; began feeling better right away. Am using my third bottle now, and feel I am in good health. I believe Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has restored me to health. If suffering women would give it a fair trial they would give it praise."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TWINKLINGS

— Edith—"He says he loves me for myself alone. What do you think of it?" Ethel—"Well, it's hard telling whether he's drawing on his humor or his imagination."—*Judge.*

— No Thanks to Her—"How well behaved Mrs. Goodstreet's children are." "Yes; she has left their bringing up entirely in charge of a governess."—*Phil. Evening Bulletin.*

— Mistress — Now, remember, Bridget, the Joneses are coming for dinner to-night, Cook—Leave it to me, mum. I'll do me worst! They'll never trouble yez again.—*Harper's Bazaar.*

— Our Remarkable Language: Mrs. Snaggs—They must have some big pistols out West. Mr. Snaggs—Why? Mrs. Snaggs—There's something in the paper about a train robber covering a conductor with a revolver. —*Puck*

— Fuddy: Come, now, do you think food tastes any better because the bill of fare is printed in French? Duddy: Perhaps not, but then you don't know what you are eating, and that's some comfort.—*Boston Transcript.*

— Anticipation Worse Than Realization—First Automobile Girl—"You don't seem much put out by your automobile breaking down." Second Automobile Girl—"No! I am always so nervous expecting it to break down that I am actually relieved when it does!"—*Puck.*

— Too Early: Mrs. Hornblower—There is General Ludenhail over there, one of our most distinguished soldiers. Mrs. Daisycutter—Indeed, what battle has he been in? Mrs. Hornblower—Oh, not any yet. He has only just been appointed Brigadier General.—*Judge.*

— Miss Meadowbrook—You had better sit out your waltz with Mr. Longhead; brainy men, you know, waltz atrociously." Miss Hempstead (wearily)—I know it. But I would rather put up with his waltzing than be bored by his brainy talk.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

— A well-known Perth doctor, as witty as he is clever, came across a master butcher the other day admiring a block of houses which he had recently put up. "Weel, doctor, what think ye o' that block?" asked the butcher. "Think o't?" replied the doctor. "I just think there's mair profit in killing than in curing."

— Distinction To Be Drawn: "You believe in protection, do you not?" said the man who is always looking for an argument "It depends on what you are talking about," answered the weary-looking man from New York, the tariff or the police department."—*Washington Star.*

— "Well, I declare," remarked the thin man, who was being uncomfortably crowded by a very stout person; "the trolley company ought to charge passengers by weight" "Do you think so?" retorted the stout person. "At that rate it wouldn't be worth their while to take you on at all."—*Philadelphia Press*

— An Old Sailor's Opinion: "Did you know," said the newly arrived shade, "that a number of people are discussing your career during the deluge with some skepticism?" "Well," answered Noah, "I suppose that is to be expected. A man can't expect to mix in naval affairs and not have books written about him."—*Washington Star.*

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Bladen church, Windsor, Nov. 2, 3.
Southport, Nov. 6.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Nov. 9, 10.
Burgaw church, Burgaw, Nov. 13.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Richlands, Nov. 15.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 16, 17.
Scott's Hill church, Scott's Hill Nov. 18.
Waccamaw, Nov. 22.
Whiteville, Chadbourn, Nov. 23, 24.
Bladen street, Nov. 27.
Market street, Nov. 28.
Kenansville, Charity, Nov. 29.
Magnolia, Providence, Nov. 30, Dec. 1.

R. B. JOHN, P. E.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy and brain-fag into mental power. They are wonderful in building up the health. Only 25 cents per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

TUSKEGEE, ALA., July 23, 1878.

DR. C. J. MOFFETT—My Dear Sir: Justice to you demands that I should give you my experience with your excellent medicine TEETHINA. Our little girl, just thirteen months old, has had much trouble teething. Every remedy was exhausted in the shape of prescriptions from family physicians. Her bowels continued to pass off pure blood and burning fever continued for days at a time. Her life was almost despaired of. Her mother determined to try TEETHINA, and in a day or two there was a great change—new life had returned—the bowels were regular, and, thanks to TEETHINA, the little babe is now doing well. Yours, etc. D. W. McIVER,
Editor and Proprietor Tuskegee (Ala.) News. †

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lumberton *Robsonian*: Our cotton mill, which has only recently been started up, seems to be doing a profitable business from the outset. The product finds ready market at a good price, and after the 1st of December it will be run night and day in order to increase the output.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Mr. Henry Lee, aged ninety, the oldest soldier in the Soldiers' Home, was paralyzed Sunday. He was born in Massachusetts, but living in the South when the war broke out he joined the Confederate army and was in the same regiment as the late Governor Carr.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: Reports from the cotton crop indicate that the yield will equal that of last year, and there are many who claim that it will exceed it. Quite a number of farms will surely do this, even in the yield per acre. G. L. Wimberly, who is an excellent farmer, says that his cotton yield per acre will be the third largest, if not the largest, he has ever made, and this is an experience covering over forty years.

— Newbern *Journal*: Dr. R. S. Primrose, acting coroner, was called Monday night to Five Points to investigate the death of Wiley Cabo, a well known negro, who was found dead in a rear room of Jack Rodman's saloon. The investigation found that the negro had been drinking gin, and had laid down in the room where found, and rolling over in some bagging, had suffocated, being unable to help himself.

— Charlotte *Observer*: A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Henry B Kline, until recently employed in a clerical capacity at the Winyah Sanitarium at Asheville. Kline is charged with the larceny of 65 vials of watery extract of tubercle bacilli, valued at $800. He has been located at Wichita Falls, Texas, where he has been taken into custody. Kline refuses to come to Asheville without requisition, and a telegram from the deputy marshal at Wichita Falls to Sheriff Lee says Kline has employed a lawyer to defend him.

— Newton *Enterprise*: The general verdict of the farmers who have been here at court this week is that their cotton is turning out much better than they expected. —— Mr. Cicero Cline brought us a sample Tuesday of a new kind of cotton he is raising this year. It is called Russell's Big Boll cotton and originated in Alabama. The bolls are much larger than the common cotton, and the lint is about six inches long. —— One night last week, in Hickory, burglars went into the home of Mr. Pink Miller and stole $250 from a trunk. On Sunday night an attempt was made to break into the express office. But the police discovered the men at work and drove them off. Several shots were fired on each side.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: A pocket book, containing notes to the amount of $420 was found by Mr. Eli Freedle, of Jimes, four miles this side of Thomasville last Friday evening. Besides the notes the purse contained a check for a trunk and several cards bearing the name of Marion S. Witherspoon, of Lancaster, S. C. Mr. Freedle has written Mr. Witherspoon informing him of the find. —— A young man from the country picked up a small diamond on our streets here one day last week. He was not aware of the value of the stone and carelessly placed the bauble in one of his pockets. Later when he learned that a Lexington lady had lost the setting out of a valuable ring, he thought of the stone he had found and felt in his pockets for it but it was gone. He made a diligent search but the jewel could not be found. It was undoubtedly the one lost from the ring referred to.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Atlantic Coast Line night watchman Mr. R A. Murchison, Sunday night caught a negro just after he had broken into and entered a boxcar. He turned the man—who gave his name as John Thomas, of Red Springs—over to the police. —— We learn that the Australis Manufacturing Company, for the extraction of turpentine out of pine wood, which was located in this city and later moved out to 71st, and which got into financial difficulties and suspended operations, will be started up again —— Dr. A. S. Rose, county coroner, was called to Cedar Creek Sunday to investigate the death of a little child which it was at first thought was somewhat suspicious. It was the little five year old daughter of Mr John Hair, who lives near Bullard's Mill. Dr. Rose found that the child, while sitting on a chicken coop, fell off and struck its head on the top of a board fence, breaking its neck. He found no necessity for an inquest.

How to Renovate Crape.

To renovate black crape dip in a scalding hot mixture of water, milk and glue, the last in strictly limited quantities. If afterward clapped and pulled dry, like fine muslin, it will look as good as new. Black crape muslin may be successfully washed. Make a strong lather of boiling water and soap and allow it to cool. When cold, wash the muslin quickly, then dip it at once into clear cold water to which has been added a little salt. Squeeze out the moisture and hang the muslin in the open air to dry. The more rapidly it dries the better.

How to Make Coffee Filling.

Make a cupful of strong black coffee. Heat to boiling point; add a tablespoonful of cream and half a cupful of sugar; moisten two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch with a little cold coffee and stir into the coffee; cook a few minutes, then pour gradually into two well beaten eggs; stir rapidly and if not thick enough to spread place over hot water and stir until the eggs are set, but not long enough to curdle; spread between the layers of cake and ice with coffee icing.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, of Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take I can now eat anything, and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Home Beer

Whatever you drink outside, let your home beer be Schlitz. That is pure beer. No bacilli in it—nothing to make you bilious.

Beer is a saccharine product, and the germs multiply rapidly in it. The slightest taint of impurity quickly ruins its healthfulness.

We go to the utmost extremes to prevent that. Cleanliness is a science where Schlitz beer is brewed.

We even cool the beer in plate glass rooms in nothing but filtered air.

Then we filter the beer. Then we sterilize every bottle.

And Schlitz beer is aged. The beer that makes you bilious is green beer.

When you order a beer for your home, get the healthfulness without the harm. Get a pure beer—get an old beer—get Schlitz. Call for the Brewery Bottling.

'Phone I. S. 202, Sol Bear & Co., 20 Market St., Wilmington. Call for the Brewery Bottling.

SCHLITZ

IN THE APIARY.

Young, Healthy Bees and Full Stores For the Winter.

Like preparing bees for the honey season, preparations for the winter should be commenced some two or three months before the actual time for packing the hives with chaff or placing in the cellar, according to whichever method is practiced, says a Missouri correspondent of Farm, Field and Fireside.

When we close the hives for the last time in the autumn, we should see that the colonies are strong and have sufficient stores to last them until nectar can be gathered the following spring. We should know also that they have a good prolific queen, and if she is of the current season's rearing I consider her better than if older, though a queen may be two years old without necessarily being inferior as to prolificness.

Mr. G. M. Doolittle, that studious and careful observer, states "that during the busy season a worker bee will live forty-five days." He has also had bees to live from Sept. 1 to July 4.

As the queens usually quit laying some time in October and do not commence again until February in this latitude, it is evident that the bees that live over winter must attain considerable age as compared with the life of a worker during the working season.

As comparatively little brood is reared in February and March it will be seen that it is not until April or May that the young bees are able to take the place to any considerable extent of the old bees that have gone through the winter.

Therefore the bees that go through the winter, we may say, must live on an average to the age of six months. From this it must be evident to all that if we start into winter with young, healthy bees our chances of wintering them successfully are far greater than if we should commence the winter with old bees whose lives have already been partly exhausted.

FEEDING LAMBS.

Fattening For the Fall Markets. Some of the Rations Used.

In preparing lambs for the early market the best gain in the writer's experience at the Wisconsin station has been made by four lambs that were fed a mixture by weight of four parts of bran, four parts of cornmeal and one part of linseed meal. When the experiment started, the lambs were about three weeks old, and they were fed for ten weeks on this grain ration, receiving in addition the milk of their mothers. The average weight of each lamb at the beginning of the experiment was 18.6 pounds and at the end 62.5 pounds, an average weekly gain per head of 4.48 pounds. They each ate 26.6 pounds of the grain mixture during the ten weeks, costing 18 cents per head.

Under some conditions it may not be profitable to put the lambs on the market early or to carry them over the winter, but it may be better to sell them in November before housing is required. The best weights that we have obtained at the Wisconsin station with lambs fed until November have been made by the lambs previously mentioned as receiving bran, cornmeal and linseed meal before weaning. After weaning they were fed two parts of ground corn and one part of linseed meal by weight. On Nov. 19 each lamb averaged 102.7 pounds in live weight, and in the nineteen weeks that elapsed after weaning they had made an average weekly gain of 2.66 pounds per head. They each ate 183 pounds of the grain mixture, in addition to pasturage, at a cost of $1.47 per head for the grain.

In another trial five lambs being fattened on pasture after weaning were made to weigh an average of 97.6 pounds by Nov. 8. In the twelve weeks before weaning they had gained an average of 3.4 pounds weekly by eating fifty pounds of equal parts of linseed meal and bran, costing 47 cents, and after weaning they received old oats and pasture. During the fourteen weeks so fed they made an average weekly gain of 1.4 pounds, and they ate 52.1 pounds of oats per head, costing 56 cents.

More economical results were obtained by restricting the amount of oats to five-tenths of a pound per head daily while the lambs were on good pasturage.—J. A. Craig.

Putting It Mildly.

Judge—Here, officer, this man says he was arrested for merely taking cold. Is that correct?

Officer—It is, your honor. He was stealing ice when I nabbed him.—Chicago News.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.)

STAR OFFICE, November 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet at 35c per gallon for machine made casks and 34c per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90c per barrel for strained and 95c per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market quiet at $1.25 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.55; crude turpentine steady at $1.40 @2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	74
Rosin	335
Tar	108
Crude turpentine	32

Receipts same day last year—53 casks spirits turpentine, 191 barrels rosin, 85 barrels tar, 63 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 13-16	cts. ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6 3-16	" "
Low middling	6 13-16	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good middling	7 11-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9c for middling.

Receipts—4,114 bales; same day last year, 1,037.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 60@65c.

CORN—Firm; 75 to 77c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 14c per pound; shoulders, 11 to 12c; sides, 11 to 12c.

EGGS—Dull at 16@17c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 25 to 30c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Nothing doing.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5¼@6¼c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 40@50c per bushel.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 5.—Spirits turpentine firm and unchanged. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 5. Spirits turpentine firm at 35c; receipts 1,728 casks; sales 1,221 casks; exports 792 casks Rosin firm; receipts 1,936 barrels; sales — barrels; exports 1,518 barrels.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Bullish foreign news of many sorts to-day revived the wheat pit after a lethargy of several months and also helped other grain markets. December closed 1@1⅛c. higher, December corn ⅜c. up and December oats ½c. advanced. Provisions closed 2½@5c to 5@7½c. up.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 69¼@70¼c; No. 2 red 72@73¾c. Corn—No 2 59⅝; No. 2 yellow —c Oats—No. 2 39¼@39⅜c; No. 2 white 41¼@41¾c, No. 3 white 40¾@41¼c. Mess pork, per barrel, $13 85@13 90. Lard, per 100 lbs., $8 55@8 57½. Short rib sides, loose, $7 80@7 95. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 25@7 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 10@8 20 Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 November 71⅛, 71⅛, 71⅛, 71⅛c; December 71⅜@71⅛, 72⅜@72⅛, 71⅛, 72⅛c; May 74⅜@74⅝, 75⅛, 74⅛, 75⅛c. Corn—No. 2 November 58⅛, 58⅛, 58⅛, 58c; December 58⅛, 59⅛, 58⅛@58⅞, 59⅛c; May 61⅛ @61⅛, 62⅛, 61⅛, 62c. Oats—December 37⅛, 37⅝, 37⅛, 37⅛c; May 39⅛, 39⅞, 39⅛@39⅝, 39⅜c Mess pork, per bbl—January $14 62½, 14 85, 14 62½, 14 82½; May $14 80, 14 97½ 14 80, 14 97½. Lard, per 100 lbs—November $8 55; December $8 55, 8 55, 8 55, 8 55; January $8 47½, 8 57½, 8 47½, $8 57½; May $8 57½, 8 67½, 8 57½, 8 67½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $7 60, 7 67½, 7 60, 7 67½; May $7 70, 7 80, 7 70, 7 80.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 5, 4 P. M.—Cotton: Spot, moderate demand; prices unchanged; American middling 4 7-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,300 bales American. Receipts 43,000 bales, including 37,400 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed easy; American middling (g. o. c.) November 4 9-64@4 10-64d seller; November and December 4 5-64 @4 6-64d value; December and January 4 5-64d seller; January and February 4 4-64@4 5-64d seller; February and March 4 4-64@4 5-64d seller; March and April 4 4-64d buyer; April and May 4 4-64d buyer; May and June 4 4-64d buyer; June and July 4 4-64d buyer; July and August 4 4-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Brig Goldseeker, Diggdon, Jacmel, Haitai, J T Riley & Co.

Spanish steamship Orinon, Duo, Philadelphia, Heide & Co.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

EXPORTS.

JACMEL, HAITAI—Brig Goldseeker, 148,571 feet lumber, valued at $2,280; cargo by Chadbourn Lumber Co; vessel by J T Riley & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—623 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—2,683 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin, 57 barrels tar, 13 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—122 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 87 barrels rosin, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—667 bales cotton, 46 casks spirits turpentine, 195 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—16 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—19 bales cotton, 27 barrels rosin, 29 barrels tar, 14 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—4,114 bales cotton, 74 casks spirits turpentine, 335 barrels rosin, 108 barrels tar, 32 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., November 6, 1901.

STEAMSHIPS.

Wandby, (Br) 2,580 tons, Pearson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Polano, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holttum, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Hurworth, (Br) 1,520 tons, Galbraith, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Wragsby, (Br) 2,371 tons, Maxfield, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Mountby, (Br) 2,113 tons, Payne, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Candleshoe, (Br) 2,466 tons, Danielsen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

W B Perkins, 143 tons, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Ida C Schoolcraft, 347 tons, Robinson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Nokomis, 245 tons, Sawyer, J T Riley & Co.

Venus, 194 tons, Foxwell, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Amal, (Nor) 448 tons, Knudsen, Limerick, Heide & Co.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	6¾ @	7
Standard	7 @	7¾
Burlaps	6 @	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	13½ @	14
Sides ℔ ℔	9 @	10
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9 @	9½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	9 @	9½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	19 @	1½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 35 @	1 45
Second-hand machine	1 35 @	1 45
New New York, each	@	1 50
New City, each	@	1 50
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15 @	18
Northern	22 @	28
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	72½
Virginia Meal	72½ @	75
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25 @	1 30
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	11 @	12½
Rio	8 @	11
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s	@	[illegible]
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	7 75
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	4 00 @	5 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	3 00 @	3 25
Choice	3 25 @	3 50
Straight	3 60 @	3 85
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	8 @	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	78 @	81
Mixed Corn	76 @	78
Oats, from store (mixed)	@	50
Oats, Rust Proof	@	70
Cow Peas	85 @	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted	4 @	5
Dry flint	10 @	11
Dry salt	9 @	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		
No 1 Timothy	1 00 @	1 [illegible]
Rice Straw	40 @	50
Eastern	90 @	95
Western	90 @	95
North River	@	90
N. C. Crop	75 @	80
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	3 @	3½
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	13½ @	14
Dairy Cream	12 @	13½
Half cream	10 @	12½
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	9 @	12½
North Carolina	10 @	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	16 00
Rump	@	16 00
Prime	@	15 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	1 25
Liverpool	95 @	1 10
American	95 @	1 05
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50 @	60
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝ @	6⅜
Standard A	5⅝ @	5⅞
White Extra C	4⅝ @	5
Extra C, Golden	4⅝ @	5
C Yellow	4 @	4½
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	27
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29 @	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29 @	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	17 @	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40 @	2 70
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼ @	5
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @	9 00
Common mill	4 00 @	5 00
Fair mill	5 00 @	6 50
Prime mill	6 50 @	7 50
Extra mill	8 00 @	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	6 25 @	7 00
" Sap	5 50 @	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50 @	4 00
" Sap	2 50 @	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 [illegible] @	[illegible] 10

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN 1831 Seventy-Second Year 1902

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Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

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oct 19 tf

CANNED GOODS.

300 Cases Standard Tomatoes.
200 Cases Standard Peaches.
125 Cases Std. Corn.
50 Cases Std. Baked Beans,
25 Cases Std. Pears.
25 Cases Std. Pineapples.
100 Cases Oysters.
125 Cases Salmon.
100 Cases Syrup.
100 Cases Corn Beef,
100 Cases Potted Ham,
15 Cases Tripe.
200 Cases Sardines.
1,465

Also full line of Groceries and Drugs.

D. L. GORE CO.,
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oct 26 tf

PUZZLE PICTURE.



THESE MEN ARE DISCUSSING A YACHT RACE. DO YOU SEE THE CAPTAIN?

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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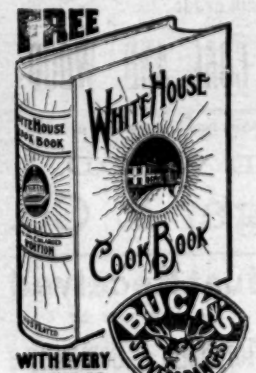
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WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee

To be perfectly DRY regardless of weather.

Prices Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

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oct 27 tf

WHY SUFFER FROM CHILLS, FEVERS NIGHT SWEATS

ROBERTS' CURES CHILLS TASTELESS CURES GRIPPE CHILL TONIC NO CURE 25¢ NO PAY LOOK FOR THE RED CROSS ON EVERY BOTTLE

Grippe and all other forms of maladies when you can be cured by

Roberts' Chill Tonic

The world does not contain a better remedy. Many wonderful cures made by it. 25 cents a bottle. Money refunded if it fails to do the work. Delightful to take.

R. R. BELLAMY, Wilmington, N. C.
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LEA & PERRINS'

The Original Worcestershire SAUCE

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

It is highly approved for the delicious flavor which it imparts to Soups, Fish, Game, Meats, Salads, Welsh Rarebits, etc.

This signature is on every bottle.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

ja 15 1y su

SPOTTY, THE SPORT.

One of the Amusing Experiences of Poultry Keeping.

When we rented our house, not daring to expect to keep chickens, but our landlord was moving out of town, and after he had his chickens cooped he found there wasn't room in the car, so father bought them.

There were a black Minorca, two Plymouth Rocks, a Light Brahma, a Leghorn and a crossbred—a black hen with just a few white feathers and a rose comb. We called her Spotty.

One day, when we were getting settled in our new home, Spotty walked in through the kitchen door, and we found her eating crumbs in the pantry and an egg under the shelf.

The next day, when it was raining and the door shut, we heard something tapping on the window and found Spotty flying against it. We were afraid she might break the glass, so mother told me to send her away, but before I could close the door she was in and making for the pantry again.

We thought her so wise that we let her alone, and she laid in the pantry until she began to molt. Whenever the door was closed she came to the window. I never saw an uglier hen than old Spotty when she was molting. She was ragged, bare necked and pinfeathery all at once, but we were going to school then and didn't know when she stopped molting, though father said once that Spotty seemed to be spotted with black instead of white, as at first. About Thanksgiving time father wanted to sell some chickens, and mother told him to sell the lightest ones, especially one which was nearly white. When he came in, he said: "My dear, there is a beautiful snowy white pullet in the chicken house with a rose comb. Where do you think she came from?" Stella had been reading poultry papers, and she said at once that it was a sport; that Barred Plymouth Rocks sometimes sported white chickens.

As we were half a mile from a neighbor, father thought that was right, until one rainy day we heard a tapping on the window and found the white pullet in Spotty's familiar place. Then every one remembered that with the increased number of chickens from the summer hatch Spotty had been lost sight of and the snowy white pullet with the rose comb was herself.—Harriet W. Ashby in Poultry Keeper.

How to Cure Duck Feathers.

Your reader wanting to know how to cure duck feathers may find the following of value:

If they are for home use, the usual way to cure duck feathers is to hang them up in coarse bags that are not too full in the sun each day until they are thoroughly dry and all chance of any decomposition is gone. Care should be taken that they are never wet by a sudden shower or otherwise and should be stirred up occasionally.

If the feathers are intended for market, the quickest way is to spread them on an upper floor under a tight roof, guarding against their being wet from rain. At least once in two days they should be well stirred with a stick to prevent their heating.

Each new lot should be kept separate until partly dry. This may be done by making a small pen in one corner of the floor and keeping them there for a week at least. These are thrown with the general lot when fresh are brought to take their place. At no time should there be more than a foot of feathers on the floor.

If there are windows, as there should be, they can be covered with wire netting, allowing them to be opened for ventilation without the feathers being blown out.

It will take a month for the feathers to be dry enough to sell, when they can be packed tightly in light muslin bags for shipment.

White feathers always bring the top price. Colored or soiled feathers should be kept separate. These latter are salable as a lower grade, but if mixed with white the lot will be classed as inferior.

Hen and goose feathers are treated in the same way, each kind by itself always.

It is usually reckoned that this otherwise waste product will pay for half the picking except in the case of scalded hens, when it does not pay to bother with the feathers. Dry picked hens bring only 10 cents at the highest and generally not more than 7 cents.

All feathers find a ready sale to jobbers and pillow manufacturers.

It is well to send samples to different concerns when you have them for sale, and they will make the price according to quality as they see it. Oftentimes one firm will give more than another for the same goods.—Thomas H. Taylor in Farm Poultry.

Poultry Yard.

Black pools in the barnyard are poor watering places for the fowls.

Work is the main factor in successful poultry raising. Don't shirk.

A good gamecock is about as good as a guinea for scaring hawks and crows and not so noisy.

The hens that molt early are the ones that you should keep, for they will lay in winter, when eggs are most in demand.

Now, beware of rotten milk and spoiled messes. Some people seem to think that fowls belong to the buzzard family.

What passes for cholera is often the result of exposure without shade to the intense heat. Brahmas and Cochins and all big, heavily feathered fowls are liable to heat prostration.

If the early chickens are to lay before cold weather sets in, they should be well cared for at this season. Give them plenty of food, plenty of room and good air. Sell off the old hens before they begin to molt.

How to Make Waldorf Corn Bread.

Beat the yolks of five eggs very light, then add two cups of milk. Sift one cup of meal, one cup of white flour, one tablespoonful of sugar and two rounded teaspoonfuls of baking powder together and stir into the beaten eggs and milk. Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter and stir into the batter. Beat the whites to a stiff froth; fold into the batter. Grease a shallow pan, turn in the batter and bake in a moderate oven 35 or 40 minutes.

How to Tell Good Olives.

Eminent physicians prescribe olives largely for all sorts of nervous diseases, for indigestion and gastritis. They warn only against poor olives, which are far from healthful. A perfect olive is of a yellowish green tinge, hard, and when bitten the mouthful is entire, not mushy or spongy. The stone should have a pinkish color, and the smell ought to be fresh and agreeable, says Good Housekeeping.

In 1708 the Spanish navy, manned by 1,700 seamen, was the greatest in Europe. Now it is the smallest of any sea power.

Remember that every little while an old, reliable family horse runs away.—Atchison Globe.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.



A Grateful Mother

Danville, Va., January 5, 1901.

Wine of Cardui has done everything for me my heart could wish. I have been married five years and in less than four years I have had four miscarriages. Fifteen months ago I began using Wine of Cardui. Now I have a fine baby girl seven weeks old. I wish I could write my thankfulness to you for your wonderful medicine. Mrs. W. L. AVRETTE.

Organic barrenness is exceptionally rare. There are few cases which would not yield readily to proper treatment, but disappointed wives too seldom take the course Mrs. Averette so happily chose. It was a severe test for Wine of Cardui to cure a woman who had suffered four disappointments in four years.

WINE OF CARDUI

is the medicine to stimulate the organs of motherhood to healthy action. The Wine relieved Mrs. Avrette simply by reinforcing her weakened organs. To heal and strengthen the weakened organs of every wife who longs for a baby would bless thousands of homes with children. Every expectant mother should take Wine of Cardui to strengthen the female organs, then miscarriages will be impossible. For every kind of female disorder Wine of Cardui is the medicine to take. No medicine has done so much for the women of America. Ask your druggist for a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui if you are troubled with weakness.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

How to Broil Tomatoes.

Cut the tomatoes in halves, sprinkle the insides of the slices with fine bread crumbs, salt and pepper, place them in a broiler and broil over the fire for ten minutes, having the outside next to fire. Carefully slip them on a hot dish and put bits of butter here and there on each slice. Put the dish in the oven for ten minutes and then serve.

How to Make Cranberry Marmalade.

A delicious cranberry marmalade is made from 1½ pints of cranberry, one-half pound of English walnuts, one pound of sugar. Boil together till very thick and pour in a mold. When cold, slice in thin slices and serve.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine, and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, and get a 10 cents trial bottle. Regular size 50 cents and $1. Every bottle guaranteed or price refunded.

Mullets!

NEW CATCH JUST IN.

Also Fish Barrels for packing Mullets.

Salt in 200 lbs., 180 lbs. and 100 lbs. Sacks.

We also have a full line of Groceries such as

Flour, Sugar, Rice,

Coffee, Cakes, Candy, Sardines and Oysters, Virginia Water Ground Meal

and most any other thing that you can find in the grocery line. All of which we offer to the trade at living prices.

Williams Bros.

sep 28 tf

Bagging and Ties.

Salt on hand and cargo to arrive.

Molasses,

Imported and Domestic.

Cheese, Full Cream.

Sardines, Salmon, Cakes.

Dunlap Meal.

Corn, Oats, Hay.

Lime, Cement.

The Worth Co.

sep 13 tf

Quina-Laroche

THE GREAT FRENCH TONIC



Grand National Prize of 16,600 Francs at Paris.

When overworked, the nerves become unstrung, and a weakened condition of the body is the result; then the energies are relaxed and attacks of Cold, La Grippe, Stomach Troubles, Typhoid and Malarial Fevers follow.

Quina-Laroche gives strength to the nerves and muscles, aids digestion, purifies and enriches the blood, and builds up the entire system.

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nov 12 1y we



HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN O'HARRA, Paris.

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

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Original and Only Genuine. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

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PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

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Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

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SPECIAL

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Next Fourth Street Bridge.

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Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up.
Goods delivered promptly. Store open until 9 P. M.
Read circular for some of the prices. nov 3 tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.

Capital $125,000.

DEPOSITS,	SURPLUS, ETC.
September, 1899, $ 945,000	$100,000
September, 1900, 1,100,000	120,000
September, 1901, 1,400,000	146,000

A modern bank according courteous and liberal treatment to its customers.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier. nov 3 tf

STOP

Spending that nickel! Just drop it into your other pocket and add to your savings account. The great fortunes of to-day are built upon a foundation of small savings. If you are not cultivating the habit of saving, now is the time to begin. Call at the Bank for full information regarding deposits.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

nov 2 tf

Aim Straight for Us

When you want a good shot gun that you can depend upon. We have now a goodly stock and your kind is here, for we have all kinds—single barrel, double barrel and Winchester. Before you start on your shooting trip come here for shells. There are shells and shells but the kind you get here are all O. K.

Complete a line of Hardware at wholesale and retail as you will find in the city.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,

109 and 111 North Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 126 nov 2 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

Of Wilmington, N. C.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Assets $1,000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility.

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oct 2 tf

VESTIBULED WEST INDIA SALVAGE SHORT LINE LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:43 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:18 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.

TRAIN 48 Leaves Charlotte 5:20 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:50 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.23 a m
Ar Monroe	12.20 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte		10.01 a m
Ar Chester	1.43 a m	10.20 a m
Ar Greenwood	5.46 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Athens	6.28 a m	2.40 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.00 a m	3.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.20 a m
Ar Columbia	1.06 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	4.52 a m	1.47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	6.15 a m	3.10 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	6.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.34 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	3.18 a m	12.23 p m
Ar Portsmouth	7.00 a m	5.50 p m
Ar Norfolk		
Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.34 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	3.18 a m	12.23 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.45 a m	2.45 p m
Ar Richmond	6.32 a m	3.31 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	7.05 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.30 p m
Ar New York	4.25 p m	5.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 35, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.30 p. m.; Norfolk 9.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.16 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 36, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.10 a. m.; Charlotte 5.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.
JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
ma 26 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.



To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Leave		GOING WEST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	1 40	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 35	Kinston	10 13	.....
5 45	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	7 25	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 8.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 8.25 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 22 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, insignor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELLIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY

WRITE US ABOUT IT

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901, the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

Capped the Climax.

Yes, we have reached that point by the introduction of four new "Climax" Chairs and other furniture to correspond. Our barbers are skilled in the business and our razors and other "trimmings" are, as they have always been, of the very best. We solicit your patronage.

DAVIS & GUION, 7 South Front St.

jan 22 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.



Schedule in Effect Aug. 4, 1901. Corrected.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.38 A. M., Warsaw 11.51 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.13 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 6 M., Richmond 7.02 P. M., Norfolk P. M., Washington 11.00 P. M., more 1.08 A. M., Philadelphia M., New York 6.52 A. M., Boston P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.: No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.38 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.07 P. M., Wilson 10.00 P. M., Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.03 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., Norfolk 1.10 P. M., Petersburg 2.42 A. M., Richmond 5.00 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.33 A. M., New York 1.02 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M.: No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.42 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.: No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.35 P. M., Sumter 9.12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 5.52 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.4 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M.: No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.15 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 21.30 P. M., New York 3.30 P. M., Philadelphia 10.20 A. M., Baltimore 1.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond A. M., Petersburg 9.43 A. M., Norfolk 1.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.51 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 1.46 P. M., Goldsboro 2.05 P. M., Warsaw 4.15 P. M., Magnolia 4.40 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 10 night, New York 3.30 A. M., Philadelphia 11.35 A. M., Baltimore 1.40 P. M., Washington 4.13 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 3.30 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., Tarboro 5.53 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.15 A. M., Leave Wilson 8.57 A. M., Goldsboro 9.42 A. M., Warsaw 7.30 A. M., Magnolia 7.53 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.: No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.30 A. M., Jacksonville 12.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M.: No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.50 A. M., Sanford 2.05 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 3.00 A. M., Augusta 8.30 P. M., Denmark 4.20 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.06 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M.: No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.35 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 6.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.30 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.10 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.13 P. M., Halifax 3.39 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M., Red Springs Halifax at 11.05 A. m., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.10 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.30 A. M. and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.25 P. M.; Sunday 4.10 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 8.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.50 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.40 P. M.; arrive Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.05 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.25 P. M., Nashville 11.48 A. M., 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.12 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Mowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.36 P. M.; arrive Elrod 6.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M. arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.10 P. M. Manning 6.46 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.30 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.27 A. M. Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.50 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., 77.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., 78.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; 74.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; 75.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.55 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.38 P. M., Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.00 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.20 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 3.40 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.00 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.32 A. M., Rowland 6.05 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.55 A. M. Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 10.30 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.55 P. M. 12.15 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.02 A. M. Creston 4.53 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.48 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.32 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.00 P. M. Daily.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
aug 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW..... Saturday, Oct. 26
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Nov. 2

From Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Oct. 26
SAGINAW..... Saturday, Nov.

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW..... Tuesday Oct. 29
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Tuesday, Nov. 5

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.

oct 23 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 6.

AFFAIRS IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Plot to Massacre an American Garrison Revealed—Stringent Measures Are Adopted by the Americans.

By Cable to the morning star.

MANILA, Nov. 5.—A plot to massacre the American garrison at Moncada, province of Tarlac, island of Luzon, has been revealed by the wife of one of the conspirators.

Several of the town officials are implicated in the murderous scheme. The woman who revealed the plot had a detective beneath a house in which the leaders of the conspiracy were meeting. Arrests followed and many incriminating papers were seized. The plan was to set fire to a house, close to the barracks, after dark, and when the soldiers came out to assist in extinguishing the flames, 150 conspirators armed with bolos were to rush on the guard, capture their arms and proceed to massacre the garrison.

The United States Philippine Commission to-day passed the treason laws, with slight alterations. Several Filipinos spoke against them.

Advices from Tacloban, capital of the Island of Leyte, report that the presidents of various towns in the island have waited upon Brigadier General Smith and complained to him that the people are unable to procure food because of the blockade that is maintained along the strait of Juanico. General Smith replied that the strictest kind of a blockade would be continued until the people of Leyte brought in their guns and gave the authorities full information concerning the insurgents who infest the country. All the arguments of the officials of the towns were unavailing.

General Smith has ordered the deportation of the wife of General Lukban, leader of the Samar revolutionists. The wife of General Lukban was the main cause of the refusal of the Samar insurgents to surrender. Some of the principal men who have been captured are willing that their wives be held as hostages while they go into the field for the purpose of persuading their relatives to surrender.

Lieutenant Julien E. Gaujot, with a detachment of scouts, encountered a body of insurgents southeast of Catbalogan, Samar Island, and in the fight which ensued twenty five rebels were killed. One hundred and seventy-five houses were burned and five thousand pounds of rice were captured.

EXCITEMENT AT TAMPA.

Extra Deputies Called Out to Prevent Trouble With Cigar-Makers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., Nov. 5.—A number of extra deputies have been called out to-night to prevent threatened trouble upon the arrival here of the steamer Florida, from Havana, with cigar makers to take the places of strikers. The steamer is chartered by the Manufacturers Association, and forty cigar-makers are on board. A great crowd, numbering several hundred of the Resistencia men are at the docks awaiting the arrival of the boat for the purpose of preventing the men from going to work. A great number of citizens and officers are on hand to protect the imported men. At 10 o'clock to night the steamer had not arrived at Port Tampa.

JEWELRY STORE ROBBED.

Diamonds Valued at Twenty Thousand Dollars Stolen in Cincinnati.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—Burglars broke the big show window of the Duhme Jewelry Company's store, on Fourth street, between Vine and Race, early to-day and stole $20,000 worth of diamonds. In their flight they left a trail of diamonds indicating the direction they took. The diamonds stolen were loose on a tray. The night watchman says he heard no noise and saw nothing of the robbers, and it is supposed they took advantage of the noise of a passing wagon or car to break the glass, seize the tray and run.

FALL RIVER MILLS.

M. C. D. Borden Announces a Reduction of Wages of Operatives.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Nov. 5.—M. C. D. Borden, owner of the Iron Works Cotton Mills here, who a few weeks ago caused excitement in labor circles by announcing an increase of ten per cent. in wages, to-day gave notice of a return to the original schedule November 18th. It was stated that Mr. Borden hoped to compel the other manufacturers in the city to raise wages to meet his action, but a general increase was refused and the operatives accepted the situation.

MISS STONE AND COMPANION.

U. S. Consul at Constantinople Says Both Are Alive and Well.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SOFIA, BULGARIA, Nov. 5.—United States Consul General Dickinson, of Constantinople, returned here from Samakov to-day. He authorizes the statement that he is satisfied that both Miss Ellen Stone and her companion are alive and well treated. Mr. Dickinson's return is not due to any interruption in the exchange of communications.

Col. J. Hampton Hoge, Republican candidate for Governor of Virginia, was forcibly ejected from the voting booth at Blacksburg. He challenged the votes of some cadets at the Virginia Polytechnic Institute and several stalwart cadets ejected the candidate.

Red Hot from the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the civil war. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for twenty years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. It cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruption, etc. The best Pile Cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ARGUMENTS IN THE SCHLEY CASE.

Mr. Hanna, of Counsel for the Government, Concluded His Address Yesterday.

CAPTAIN PARKER FOR SCHLEY

His Argument Was Not Finished When the Naval Court of Inquiry Adjourned for the Day--Some Good Points Made by Counsel.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The time of the Schley court of inquiry was entirely devoted to-day to hearing argument in the case of Admiral Schley. Mr. Hanna finished his argument in behalf of the department which had been begun yesterday, and Captain James Parker began, but did not conclude his presentation of the case for Admiral Schley.

Mr. Hanna to-day considered the retrograde movement, the bombardment of the Colon and the charge made against Admiral Schley of disobedience of orders. Captain Parker had only reached the coaling question when the court adjourned. He defended the conduct of his client in all stages of the campaign so far as he went.

It is expected that Captain Parker will conclude his speech to-morrow when Mr. Rayner will begin.

Mr. Hanna continued his discussion of the retrograde movement, saying that but one explanation had been given for it in Admiral Schley's dispatch, namely the inadequacy of coal supply. "There is," he said, "no suggestion of any other reason in this dispatch."

Mr. Hanna then took up specification five of the precepts relating to the disobedience by Commodore Schley of the orders of the department contained in its dispatch dated May 25th, 1898.

Mr. Hanna took issue with Admiral Schley that this was a suggestion and not a mandatory order. "So far from being suggestive, doubtful or uncertain are the terms of this order that they approach the verge of reproof," said Mr. Hanna. "Their incisive distinctness is notable, so much so that I think few subordinate officers, having turned their backs on a task to which they had been assigned, would care to be arrested in such act by a telegraphic order from a superior couched in such terms."

Mr. Hanna quoted Admiral Schley's dispatch of May 27th, in which he expressed regret over not being able to obey orders, saying as it was written after the Cotton telegram had been received it been an explicit confession that the Cotton telegram was an order. Commenting on this telegram, he declared that it was "the most remarkable one to be found in the annals of the American navy." Quoting the expression from the same dispatch: "It is to be regretted that the department's orders cannot be obeyed," Mr. Hanna remarked: "Most undoubtedly! It was a critical time and the action of Commodore Schley in abandoning his station before Santiago, thus, as he himself states, failing to obey the department's orders, created grave anxieties in our national councils."

Mr. Hanna discussed at length the coal supply, maintaining that it was ample.

Specification No. 7 was next considered. This requires an inquiry as to whether every proper effort was made to capture the Colon as that vessel lay in the harbor at Santiago. Mr. Hanna said:

"If the fire of May 31st was intended to destroy the Colon it was a total failure. If it was intended as a reconnoisance it was an "eminent success," and clearly demonstrated that if all the ships available had been taken into action the batteries could probably have been very speedily silenced, and the Colon, moored stem and stern, broadside to the entrance, in a narrow channel, could have been destroyed without damage to any of the vessels of the American fleet, and further, that a second vessel of the Viscaya class would perhaps also have met a like fate."

Mr. Hanna concluded his speech at 2:35 P. M., having spoken about four and a half hours.

Captain Parker, junior counsel for Admiral Schley, then began his address in support of Admiral Schley.

"I doubt," said Captain Parker, "if the naval history of the world presents or ever has presented a case of the importance and character of that in which we have so long been engaged. I doubt if a tribunal more exalted in the character of the persons who compose it has ever sat in judgment upon a brother officer. I doubt if an officer, with the life-long character and standing and conduct that Admiral Schley has always displayed, was ever called upon before to ask an investigation of his conduct as a victorious commander of a fleet."

"There is no accuser here," he said; "nobody is on trial, and yet the case has been conducted as though Commodore Schley were on trial. We get it," he went on, "in the order of the argument now being made here. So that we are compelled to consider the inquiry as a trial."

Taking up the events of the campaign in their sequence Captain Parker spoke of the interview between Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley at Key West, pointing out that Schley was not then informed that the Spanish fleet had left Curacao, notwithstanding Sampson had been in possession of this information for three or four days.

Speaking of the cruise to Cienfuegos, Captain Parker said it was inconsistent to criticise Admiral Schley for stopping to take Captain Chester on board while at the same time criticising him for not calling Captain McCalla aboard.

"We can't," he said, "blow hot and cold in the same breath. The truth is there was no real delay in the voyage."

As for the Cienfuegos blockade, he held that it was sufficient that no vessel had gone in or come out without permission. Moreover, the Admiral had taken all the steps possible to take to ascertain whether the enemy was there.

"To send ashore in an enemy's country to find out whether the enemy was there would, he said, "have been foolhardy, and if the Commodore had sent a boat ashore and lost it he would have been justly censured for so doing."

"I contend that up to this time so far as the blockade is concerned, so far as his conduct there is concerned, there is absolutely nothing shown by the testimony in this case from which the slightest suspicion of fault can be placed upon Commodore Schley."

Replying to the claim that Commodore Schley did not obey orders in failing to prevent work upon the new fortifications at Cienfuegos, Capt. Parker said not a particle of evidence had been introduced to show that any work was being done on the fortifications. "The court will agree with me, I think in my statement," said the captain, "that a commander-in-chief is gifted with some discretion; that he is entitled to exercise it and it is his duty to exercise it."

Captain Parker commended Commodore Schley's conduct of the cruise to Santiago. "He had," said the speaker, "acted according to the dictates of his best judgment"—a judgment which the captain said was better than that of less experienced officers, an experience which had been gained in command under circumstances of every nature, in the Arctic, around both capes, on every sea and under every sun. "He was," Captain Parker continued, "at least as likely to be as correct as those young officers who for the first time in their lives were given command of a small boat."

In the absence of information by the captains of the Yale and the Minneapolis, Captain Parker held that Admiral Schley had a right to suppose that Captain Sigsbee had given all the information to be had from the scouts. He said that with the information given Admiral Schley had acted wisely in turning back to Key West. "Whether he acted wisely and his judgment was sound is for you gentlemen of the court to say—not with the information that has come since, but with the light that the commodore had at the time."

Captain Parker regarded the dispatch of May 26th from the Navy Department as uncertain. Quoting from the dispatch Captain Parker read: "The department looks to you to ascertain facts."

"Didn't the commodore ascertain the facts," he asked.

"And that the enemy therein does not leave without decisive action," he continued reading. "Well was there not decisive action!" he asked. "The poor old Spanish admiral came with his flags flying gaily at his mastheads on that Sunday morning and before 1 o'clock of that day he saw his ships on the beach, burning, blowing up and all destroyed. He came on the American ship without shoes for his feet, or hat for his head, and a pair of drawers and an undershirt. Decisive action! Was there anything that was more decisive than that?"

Then he took up Commodore Schley's dispatch forwarded by the Harvard and defended the position taken by the Commodore in that message. He then referred to the sentence in which the Commodore informed the department that he had been unable to obey orders, "earnestly as all have striven to do." "If a subordinate informs us that he is unable to obey orders we do not charge him with disobedience. We may censure him for bad judgment," he continued, "but for nothing more serious. Failure under such circumstances is not always disobedience. We can all look back and see how we could have done differently. Now, I say that Commodore Schley never had any orders. It was merely a suggestion as to what he should do. He was to find out if that squadron was there and to see that it did not leave without a decisive action. Even if true that the commodore committed gross errors of judgment, which I do not admit; but if true, he had no motive but to do his whole duty as from the beginning he had always done it—no more, no less."

Concluding his remarks for the day, Captain Parker said he did not think the Colon could have been sunk in the harbor. "There is one little incident about the matter. We are permitted to go up to the first of June, and we see by the log of the Colon that she was there until 10:35. At 7 o'clock in the morning the commander-in-chief, Admiral Sampson, came there and the Colon was pointed out to him, and there she lay for four hours and a half without a gun being fired at her. I am not finding fault with anybody for this."

"The exercise of the slightest judgment," the speaker said, when the clock struck four. "Time's up," said Admiral Dewey and without giving the captain an opportunity to conclude the sentence the court adjourned.

WARM WIRELETS.

Fire destroyed the court house and a number of business houses at Livingston, Ala. The loss is unknown.

The postoffice at Montevale, Ala., was robbed on the night of November 2nd, the safe was blown open and $100 in cash besides the stamps taken.

Reports from points in Texas show that there was frost Monday night. This practically ends the top crop of cotton in north and central Texas.

President Merrill, of the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City railroad, confirms the purchase by his road of the Kingston and Mississippi Central railroad.

President E. M. Hendry and State Health Office Porter, of the Florida Board of Health, are at Pensacola, and to-day will declare a quarantine against all ports afflicted with the bubonic plague.

A Manila dispatch says: The United States transport Warren, owing to an accident in the inland sea, will be docked at Nagasaki, Japan, where the United States transport Sheridan is being repaired.

At Lockhart, Texas, last night, Earl Stringfellow and Frank Hall were killed in an affray in a saloon and Search Hall was wounded. Stringfellow began the shooting, which was returned by the Halls.

FRANCE AND TURKEY.

Principal Ports of the Island of Mitylene Seized by Admiral Caillard.

By Cable to the Morning Star

PARIS, Nov. 5.—An official dispatch announces the arrival of Admiral Caillard's squadron this morning at the island of Mitylene. A later dispatch says Admiral Caillard has occupied the three principal ports of the Island of Mitylene.

The Business Side of Dairying.

The business side of dairying is what Superintendent Converse is endeavoring to bring prominently before the people in his practical illustrations at the Pan-American. If he succeeds in awakening an interest in this sadly neglected side of dairying, he will have accomplished a great deal. It is not so much the results of this particular dairy, important as they are, but the fact that the different breeds of cows may be shut up in a building on the fair grounds and every scrap of feed bought at the market price and a steady profit derived from each herd every week. The most careless farmer possesses advantages that these exposition herds do not have, and in summing up the totals account should be taken with this side issue.

News and Notes.

Tests at the Geneva (N. Y.) station are said to strikingly confirm the general belief that soda cannot take the place of potash in the growth of plants.

All trees should be examined early in the fall for borers.

Large profits from farming in Alaska are claimed. It has been suggested that stock farms near the larger settlements would pay.

Ammoniacal copper carbonate is the accepted remedy for celery rust.

"A great swine show," as to quality, is the verdict on the exhibit at the Pan-American.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

STATE ELECTIONS HELD YESTERDAY.

Democrats Carried Maryland and Held Their Own in Other States.

TAMMANY HALL DEFEATED.

Seth Low, Fusion Candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, and Other Candidates on the Fusion City Ticket Were Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Seth Low, former President of Columbia University, and four years ago the Citizens' Union candidate for the first mayor of Greater New York was elected to day the second mayor of Greater New York by a plurality ranging anywhere from 30,000 to 40,000, defeating Edward M. Shepard of Brooklyn, the Democratic nominee. The campaign was an exciting one, and the vote, though somewhat less than that of the presidential election of four years ago, was the largest ever polled in a municipal contest in this country.

In addition to the canvas for mayor, public interest largely centered in the the nomination by the Fusionists of William Travers Jerome for district attorney, and Mayor Robert A. Van Wyck, by the Democrats, for justice of the supreme court, who were voted for only in the territory contained in New York county. Returns received up to 11 P. M. indicated that Jerome had been elected by a comfortable plurality, and that Mayor Van Wyck had been defeated, the latter running behind his ticket from 15,000 to 20,000.

Returns also indicate the complete triumph of the Greater New York Fusion ticket, Charles Vincent Fornes, the nominee of the Citizens'Union and the Republicans for president of the Board of Aldermen, defeating Geo. Van Hoesen, the Democratic nominee. E. M. Grant, for the past four years Democratic president of the borough of Brooklyn, now the Fusionist nominee for comptroller, has also defeated W. W. Ladd, Jr., Democrat.

Richard Croker, at 8:45 o'clock tonight conceded the election of Seth Low, Fusion candidate for mayor, but Mr. Croker was not willing at that time to give up the county ticket. He said he was much disappointed at the Brookiyn vote, as he had expected Mr. Shepard to make a good showing there, it being his home borough.

As to the causes for the defeat of the Democratic ticket, Mr. Croker said he was inclined to ascribe it to the large silent vote, and the fact that the people sometimes feel that they want a change.

Mr. Croker retired at midnight. Before going to his apartments he told some of his intimate friends this campaign was the last he would personally conduct.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6, 1 A. M.—With the election of Seth Low as mayor, Charles V. Fornes as president of the board of aldermen, and Edward M. Grout as comptroller, the Fusionist triumph in Greater New York appears nearly complete. The latest returns indicate that the Fusionists have elected Jacob A. Cantor president of the Borough of Manhattan, J. Edward Swanstrom president of the Borough of Brooklyn, and George Cromwell president of the Borough of Richmond. The Democrats have elected Jos. Cassidy in Queens and Louis F. Hoffen in Bronx.

The office of sheriff of the county ticket in New York county is still claimed by both parties, John T. Oakley, Democrat, running ahead of William J. O'Brien, Fusionist. It may require the official count to decide the result.

Returns so far as received from different sections of New York State indicate that the lower house of the State Legislature will be composed of assemblymen grouped as follows: Republicans, 84; Democrats, 45; Fusionists, 21.

About 11 o'clock Mr. Low gave out a formal statement, in which he said:

"The outcome of this election is a splendid vindication of universal suffrage. From all parts of the city have come the votes that have rebuked the Tammany orgie of the last four years. All the patronage of the city and limitless money have not availed against the indignation of the people, and it is safe to say that absentee government and government for private gain will not be seen again in New York city for many a day. This is no man's triumph, but it is the people's victory.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Returns from the State indicate the election of Frank G. Harris, Republican, for State treasurer, and W. A. Potter, Republican, for Supreme Court justice, by pluralities considerably below those of 1899, when Barnett, Republican, had 110,588 plurality. The reduction of the Republican plurality is due in part to the light vote cast.

Connecticut

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 5.—Connecticut chose to-day delegates to the first constitutional convention to be held in the State since 1818. Of the 160 towns in the State, 165 have been heard from, showing that Republican delegates were elected in 105, Democrats in 44 and citizen or non-partisan candidates in sixteen.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, MASS., Nov. 5.—With no State or national issues and but few local contests to arouse interest there were more ballots cast in the State election to-day than in any off year in the history of the State. The total vote exceeded 300,000.

As usual the Republicans had no difficulty to carry the State, W. Murray Crane, of Delton, being elected Governor for the third time by practically the same majority as when he first ran for the office in 1899. The State Legislature of 1902 will be strongly Republican, although the Democrats gained a few votes. Josiah Quincy, the Democratic candidate for governor, ran about 10,000 behind the vote cast for the party candidate in the Presidential election last year, but he so materially increased the Democratic vote in Boston as to give the local leaders great confidence for a party victory in the municipal election next month.

Nebraska.

LINCOLN, November 5.—At midnight Chairman Lindsay, of the Republican committee, said: "We have elected Judge Sedgwick by a plurality at least as large as that given Wm. McKinley one year ago."

Chairman DeFance, of the Fusion committee, had no statement to give out, but said he was hopeful.

Mississippi.

JACKSON, MISS., Nov. 5.—The weather has been clear and cold, and had a general election been on a large vote would have been polled in Mississippi, but under the circumstances, with only the offices of State treasurer and secretary of State to be filled, no active canvass has been made and no interest has been manifested in the election. Private telegrams from larger towns indicate that the temporary incumbents, Geo W. Carlisle and Jos. W. Powers, who are appointees of Governor Longino, have been elected State treasurer and secretary of State, respectively. Full returns will not be received for a day or two, as numerous precincts are off the railroads and without telephone connections. All the candidates are Democrats.

Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—With the exception of this county, where the result is attributed to the Liquor League and Kilbourne's popularity, the Republicans have made gains on the returns received up to 9:30, at which hour the Republicans claimed a plurality in Ohio much greater than two years ago, when Nash's plurality was 49,023. This will make the Legislature surely Republican in both branches.

Virginia.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 5.—Although in the election to-day the Democrats polled only about 75 per cent. of their vote, the result surpassed their most sanguine expectations. The negroes took little interest in the contest, and the indications are now that the Democratic majority for the State ticket will be more that 25,000.

The Democratic majority on joint ballot in the Legislature will be overwhelming. On the legislative ticket the Democrats made gains in the southwest, where they feared they were weak.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 6.—Returns up to 1 o'clock this morning sustain last night's dispatches that the Democrats have gained a sweeping victory, elected their State ticket by some 25,000 majority and a big majority in the General Assembly. The Republicans made their greatest gains in the valley, where there were Democratic factional tickets.

New Jersey.

NEWARK, November 5.—The early returns received from all points in the State indicate that Murphy, Republican, for Governor, has been elected, and that the election is now simply a matter of plurality. The returns thus far received indicate that Murphy will have a larger plurality in the State than Voorhees did three years ago. The Republicans claim the State by 10,000.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—Fully 75 per cent. of the registered vote had been cast at 1 o'clock, with indications that the Democrats had made such gains in the city and State as to insure the election of their ticket. While there is some doubt as to the result in the city, there seems to be but little in the counties, all advices indicating a Democratic victory in the doubtful districts. The Republicans are inclined to concede Democratic success in two of the three legislative districts in Baltimore city and the indications point to a Democratic majority in the Legislature, which means the re election of Mr. Gorman as United States Senator.

Scattering returns from 15 out of 321 election districts in Baltimore city show a marked decrease in the vote of 1899 and indicate that not more than sixty per cent. of the vote has been cast. The Democrats are holding their own and have probably carried the city by about 3,000 majority.

Returns at hand up to 11 o'clock show a tremendous falling off in the vote, both in the city and the counties, and indicate that the Democrats have been victorious in both city and State, although it is impossible to give any figures because of the meagre returns. It seems highly probable that no more than 75,000 votes have been polled in Baltimore as against 110,000 cast two years ago at the municipal elections. Chairman Goldsborough, of the Republican State Central Committee, still claims to have elected his ticket and asserts that the Republicans will have a majority on joint ballot in the General Assembly, while Chairman Vandiver, of the Democratic committee, makes a like claim for his party.

At one o'clock this morning less than half the returns from the city are in. One hundred voting precincts give Herring, Democrat, for comptroller, 11,090; Platt, Republican, 12,186. The first legislative district of Baltimore city, with 69 precincts missing, gives the leading Republican candidate 3,732 votes, while the leading Democratic candidate has 3,804. The others range from 3,604 to 3,799, and the delegation is about evenly divided between the two parties as indicated by the returns now in. The second district is probably Democratic while the third is almost surely Republican.

The figures from the counties come in very slowly.

Iowa.

DES MOINES, Nov. 5.—Returns are coming in slowly from the State, but so far they indicate that the majority for Cummins, Republican, will come up to the estimate. The ticket is a long one and it will take until after midnight to complete the count.

Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—The *Courier-Journal* claims the Democrats will have increased majorities in both houses of the next General Assembly, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Deboe.

The returns from the State so far received by the *Courier-Journal* show the Democrats have gained five members of the lower house and one member of the Senate of the General Assembly.

Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 5.—Without any conclusive returns from the cities and towns throughout the State it was generally conceded after the close of the polls at 7 o'clock that Gov. Gregory and the Republican State ticket are elected by a plurality of about five thousand. This is a loss of 3,000 from last year. The vote polled through the State is light.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ **Notices** For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Consumers of wood will find at all times in my wood yard a good variety of well seasoned split and sawed or four-foot lengths. You will find my yard on South Water between Market and Dock streets, No. 13. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. Bell Phone No. 719. W. W. Koch. oct 31 1m*

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also have Mountain Apples, Cabbage, Butter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 113 North Second street oct 4 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Black smith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 91. jy 8 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Mrs. S. Elizabeth Gilbert, deceased. This is to notify all persons indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment to me, and all persons to whom she was indebted will present their claims to me, properly proven, before the 31st day of October, 1902, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

This 31st day of October, 1901.

H. M. FOARD,
Administrator Mrs. S. Elizabeth Gilbert.
oct 29 6t in

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Susan S. Megginey and F. M. Galloway, plaintiffs against J. W. Monk, the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, November the 25th, 1901, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., the following subdivisions of land constituting one tract:

1st.—A tract beginning on the north side of the plank road leading from Wilmington to Scott's Hill at a stake on a tract of land formerly owned by J. L. Keen, at his corner on the plank road and running thence down said road S. 78 W. 210 feet to a stake by the side of said road; thence N. 5 W. 430 feet to a stake in said Keen's line; thence N. 79 E. 210 feet to a stake in said Keen's line, and thence with said line to the beginning, containing two acres.

2nd.—Another tract on the east side of Green's Mill Pond, beginning at the southwest corner of a tract of land formerly owned by John E. Currie on the north side of the plank road and running thence north 17 W. 66 poles to a stake; thence N. 73½ E. and parallel with the plank road 53½ poles; thence S. 17 E. 29¾ poles to the plank road, and thence S. 77¼ W. 56½ poles, to the beginning, corner of J. E. Currie's line.

3rd.—Another tract beginning at a stake on the old Newbern road, and running thence with said road N. 87 W. 25 poles to a stake; thence S. 5½ E. 10½ poles to the plank road; thence with the plank road N. 77½ E. 20 poles to a stake and thence to the beginning.

4th.—Another tract one and one-half miles from the City of Wilmington, between the Newbern road and the plank road, and beginning in the southern line of the Newbern road at the northwest corner of a tract of land conveyed by S. A. Cronly to Thomas Monk, and running thence with Monk's line S. 5 E. 20 chains and ten links to the corner of a tract of land formerly owned by one Lamb; thence with Lamb's line S. 81 W. 4 chains 95 links; thence with another of Lamb's lines S. 5 E. 6 chains and fifty links to the plank road; thence S. 79 W. ten chains and fifty links to a small pine, Monk's corner of a 25-acre tract purchased from T. H. Smith; thence N. 15½ W. 30 chains and 58 links, to the beginning; containing 49 1-10 acres.

5th.—Another tract beginning at the east end of the plank road bridge, as it formerly stood—high water mark—Hill W. King's line, and running thence with his line—high water mark—northwardly to the end of a big ditch near where the butcher pen stood; thence westwardly and parallel with the plank road to the run or creek of the mill pond; thence southwardly with the meanderings of said Green's mill pond, run or creek to the line of the plank road bridge, as it formerly stood and thence eastwardly with said line of said bridge to the beginning, containing by estimation two acres.

6th.—And one other tract, beginning at a point on the eastern shore of Green's mill pond, and running thence N. 88 E. 6 chains to Monk's corner; thence N. 15 W. 30 chains and 60 links to the Newbern road; thence with said road to the mill pond, and thence with the meanderings of the mill pond to the beginning at the plank road bridge, containing by estimation 36 acres. Said subdivisions to be sold as one entire tract.

J. HARGROVE TAYLOR,
Commissioner.
oct 23 20t

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J. B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical—as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, in cluding taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

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Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal.

The equal of many dailies and the superior of all other semi-weeklies or weeklies. Issued Wednesday and Saturday 104 copies a year and you get it for only

$1.00 A YEAR.

The Wednesday issue is devoted to News Matters, the Saturday issue to Home Matters. A liberal commission to agents. Sample copies cheerfully sent free to all who will ask for them. Write to

COURIER-JOURNAL CO.
Louisville, Ky

jan 3 tf

A Slaughter Sale of Dry Goods!

THE BIG RACKET STORE

Is way ahead on Fall business. While others are crying dull times, scarcity of money, poor business, the Racket Store man is up and hustling. When you get in this Big Store it looks like you are in the City of New York.

We have new goods and new goods a plenty. Our Dress Goods department is piled up with beautiful new goods. New Venetian Cloths in rough and smooth finish, 36 inches wide, for 48c per yard. Ladies' Cloths, the heaviest and best quality, 54 inches wide, the lowest standard price is $1.25, my price is 98c. A nice line of rainy day Skirt, good, all wool, 54 inches wide, double-face backs, for 57c per yard, worth $1.

A special drive in half wool Suitings, 36 inches wide, for 14c, worth 25c; 3,000 yards Liberty Flannel, 27 inch wide, in bright patterns, standard price 8c, my price 5½c. Yard wide Percale not 10c but 6½c; 20,000 yards Calicos at 4½c. Yard wide Sheeting, good weight, for 4c per yard. Navajo Flannel for Ladies' Waists, bright colors, for 5c, worth 8c. We have the agency for Sweet, Orr & Co.'s Overalls at 75 and 90c, worth $1.

Received to-day a big lot of Boys' Clothing, bran new goods from factory and some swell styles. Our stock of Boys' Clothing is equal to any in the city, at a third less. Suits from 50c to $5.

Men's Overcoats—We have a big supply of all grades from $1.75 to $10 each.

We have a heavy all Wool Melton Cloth Coat, fine quality, will hold its color, a standard $6 Coat, my special price $4.50. Our $7.50 and $10 Coats are good enough for anybody. We have this to say, you can't match them at our price.

We have $6,000 worth of Men and Youths' Clothing on hand. Just received a nice line at $5, all Wool, regular $7.50 goods. A handsome line of Suits for $12.50, worth $18 elsewhere. Our strongest line is from $7.50 to $10. Men's and Boys' odd Pants, anything you want and any price you want to pay. Pants that you pay others $2 for I will sell you for $1.37; what you pay $5 for elsewhere I will sell you for $3.37; good heavy Pants, well made, for $1. Boys' Pants from 23 to 69c a pair. Little Boys' 4-piece Suit, Coat, Pants, Vest and Vestee, sporty looking, any price from $1 to $2.98 for 3 to 8 years old.

Twenty-five dozen beautiful Brussel and Velvet Rugs just received, bought before the advance, all sizes, all colors, all prices, from 48c to $2.48; match any Carpet and fill any place. A nice line of Druggets in beautiful new patterns for 40c per square yard.

In our Millinery Department we have just bought a big line of samples to-day. The swellest goods from the swellest House. Newest styles at almost half price; goods perfectly fresh and styles the latest. Beautiful Hats. A nice line of Amazon Plumes. The swellest line of Pom-Pons. Handsome Fall and Winter Foliage. Everything in new Millinery you can think of. Our Store is the people's store. I work hard and buy goods cheap and save money for my customers. I pay cash and get a discount and give that discount to you in premiums. Bring your card and get it punched with every cash purchase. We give away China and Table and Crockery ware free, at

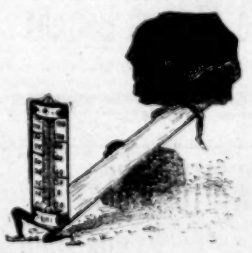
THE BIG RACKET STORE,

Geo. O. Gaylord, Proprietor.

nov 3 tf

AS THE MERCURY GOES DOWN

COAL



OFTENTIMES GOES UP

Now is a good time to place your orders with us for our high grade

COAL AND WOOD.

You cannot beat our prices nor can you beat the quality of our

COAL AND WOOD.

J. A. Springer & Co.

oct 26 tf



Just Received

A NEW LOT OF

Florsheim & Company's IDEAL PAT KID SHOES

$5 and $6, ANY SIZE YOU WANT.

WE HAVE THE BEST CORONA PAT. KID SHOES IN THE CITY FOR $3.50.

These Shoes will not crack.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.
Bell 'Phone 605. nov 5 tf

We All Want Our Money's Worth!

Which we guarantee to give you at our Store--be your wants great or small.

Our popular prices in Ladies' Shoes

Are from $1.50 to $3.00.

Our popular prices in Gents' Shoes are from $1.50 to $6. These prices buy the best.

Come and see our bargain counter, where you get twice your money's worth.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

oct 27 tf

From Those Who Know?

An increasing Savings Bank account is an increasing margin of protection against any decline in your fortunes. The one with a Savings Bank Book is receiving interest and naturally feels more comfortable and independent than the one without a savings account. We invite you to start an account with us; you will be astonished at the result. Interest on deposits at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
nov 2 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

FOR RENT,



Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

FOR RENT,



Or will lease for a term of years the Double Store on Water street, between Chesnut and Mulberry, occupied several years by the Willard Bag Manufactory.

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
ag 14 tf